

The Hongkong Telegraph

(ESTABLISHED 1861)

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March 6, 1916, 59 Temperature 6 a.m. 7 p.m. 62
Humidity 74

WEATHER FORECAST
FAIR
Barometer 29.94

March 6, 1916. Temperature 6 a.m. 70 2 p.m. 77
Humidity 96 73

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7157 日三月初二

MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1916.

日一月三十六英港三三

TELEGRAMS.

CONDENSED.

THE RUSSIANS HAVE CAPTURED BIDJAR, NEAR HAMADAN.
THE RUSSIANS ATTACKED AT BILIS WITHOUT FIRING A SHOT.
KAISER IS URGED TO SEND MORE TROOPS TO CONSTANTINOPLE.
U.S. SENATE IS AGAINST PACIFIC ATTITUDE TOWARDS GERMANY.
IT IS SAID THAT LORD FISHER IS A MEMBER OF THE WAR COUNCIL.
MARRIED MEN BETWEEN 19 AND 26 YEARS HAVE BEEN CALLED UP.
THE FRENCH HAVE CAPTURED PRISONERS AND GUNS IN LORRAINE.
A VIOLENT CANNONADE STILL CONTINUES IN THE VERDUN REGION.
200 PROJECTILES WERE FOUND IN A GERMAN GARDEN AT SHANGHAI.
FIGHTING CONTINUES FOR THE POSSESSION OF DOURAUMONT VILLAGE.
ENVER PASHA HAS BEEN WOUNDED IN AN ATTEMPT MADE ON HIS LIFE.
CHINESE GOVERNMENT TROOPS HAVE CAPTURED SUI-FU BY SURPRISE.
THE RUSSIANS HAVE CAPTURED 20 NEW KRUPP GUNS FROM THE TURKS.

SPECIAL CABLES.

THE REVOLT IN YUNNAN.

Government Troops Capture Sui-Fu by Surprise.

(From Our Own Correspondent).

Shanghai, March 5.

The Government forces captured Sui-fu by surprise on the 3rd inst.

STARTLING DISCOVERY AT SHANGHAI.

200 Projectiles in a German's Garden.

Shanghai, March 5.

The French have discovered two hundred 65-millimetre projectiles in a pond, situated in a German's garden in the French Concession.

MARRIED MEN CALLED UP.

[Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph".]

March 4, 4.25 p.m.

A Proclamation calls up eight groups of married men, from 19 to 26 years of age.

THE ALLIES IN THE WEST.

Enemy Refrains from Infantry Action.

March 4, 4.55 p.m.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Paris, a communiqué says the bombardment of various sectors in the Verdun region has continued fairly active during the night, but the Germans did not attempt infantry action.

The enemy exploded a mine at Les Eparges, but was unable to occupy the crater.

Grenade-Fighting on British Front.

March 4, 11.35 p.m.

A British communiqué says:—During the night there was sharp grenade fighting in the mine craters to the north-east of Vermelles. All the craters remained in our hands.

Desperate Fighting at Douaumont.

March 5, 1.35 a.m.

A Paris communiqué says:—

North of Verdun there has been a most violent cannonade all day on the left bank of the Meuse, at Hill 304 and at the hill at Oie. The enemy, on the right bank of the Meuse, after intensely bombing Maudromont wood, east of Poivre Hill, delivered an attack which was stopped by machine-gun and rifle fire.

The Germans in the morning had succeeded in gaining a foothold in the village of Douaumont, whence we had driven them on the previous evening by a counter-attack. Desperate fighting continued for the possession of the village, with alternating ebb and flow.

There has been moderate artillery activity in Wavre.

We captured several elements of trenches in Lorraine, near the Thisville ponds, taking prisoners, two machine-guns and a mortar.

An attempt by the enemy to expel us from a crater in Artois was repulsed.

We bombarded enemy works in Argonne, destroying shelters.

LORD FISHER ON THE WAR COUNCIL.

March 4, 1.20 p.m.

The Daily Chronicle says there is reason to believe that Lord Fisher has been appointed a member of the War Council.

THE FRENCH COMMANDER AT VERDUN.

March 4, 1.40 p.m.

The French Commander at Verdun is General Petain, who was on the eve of retiring, with the rank of Colonel, at the outbreak of war. He is physically most active and is adored by his soldiers.

FAMOUS HORSE FOR CANADA.

March 4, 1.20 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Ottawa says that His Majesty the King has presented Anner to the Canadian Government, for remount breeding.

Anner is the horse which killed a suffragette on Derby Day in 1913.

TELEGRAMS.

THE RUSSIAN ADVANCE.

Another Point Captured.

[Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph".]

March 4, 11.35 p.m.

A Petrograd communiqué says the Russians have captured Bidjar, which is seventy miles north-west of Hamadan.

Big Captures at Bitlis.

March 5, 4.40 a.m.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd, the official details of the capture of Bitlis show that the Russians attacked, without firing a shot, at night during a snowstorm. They charged with the bayonet, dislodging the Turks after a desperate resistance.

A Turkish artillery position was captured by means of close fighting, and all the defenders were killed.

During the pursuit of the enemy, the Russians captured twenty new Krupp guns, in good condition, and sabred and captured many Turks.

A large artillery and munitions depot was captured at Bitlis.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S GREAT VICTORY.

March 4, 1.20 p.m.

Reuter's Washington correspondent states that President Wilson's victory surpassed expectations.

The Senate, by a majority of 68 votes to 14, rejected all resolutions urging a more pacific course towards Germany.

The galleries of the Senate were crowded, and the scenes witnessed have not been paralleled since the declaration of war with Spain.

The Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives recommends procedure on the armed merchantmen controversy similar to that adopted by the Senate.

GRAVE SITUATION IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

March 3, 11.00 p.m.

A message from Athens says that, according to diplomatic advice, Enver Pasha has been wounded in an attempt made on his life.

The Duke of Mecklenburg, in view of the gravity of the situation, has telegraphed to the Kaiser urging the dispatch of reinforcements to Constantinople.

FRENCH STOCK.

(Harcourt Telegram).

March 3.

French Stock now stands at:—3 per cent. Fcs, 62.40; 5 per cent. Fcs, 58.25 and now rising—a significant fact: after the battle of Verdun.

French Stock now stands at:—3 per cent., 62.40; 5 per cent., 58.25.

POWDER MAGAZINE EXPLOSION.

(Harcourt Telegram).

March 4.

An explosion destroyed the right wing of the powder magazine called the "Double Crown," at St. Denis, near Paris. The victims, both killed and wounded, are numerous.

[In the event of telegrams arriving too late for insertion on this page they will be found on Page 8 or on Extra].

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

MINE SWEEPER SUNK.

March 3, 9.25 p.m.

It is officially announced that the mine sweeper Primula has been torpedoed in the eastern Mediterranean. All the crew were saved except three, and were landed at Port Said.

COMPULSION AND THE COTTON MARKET.

March 9, 9.25 p.m.

The Military representative on the Liverpool Tribunal and a small committee of the Cotton Association have arranged a compromise whereby out of 872 men arrested men in the cotton market, 584 will join as the groups are called up, and 288 will be transferred to Group 45. The Tribunal, recognising the necessity of carrying on the market, has endorsed the agreement.

THE ALLIED TRADE CONFERENCE.

March 4, 5.35 p.m.

The Times says that Japan, and probably Belgium and Serbia, will be represented at the Allied Trade Conference at Paris. The British Government has ascertained the views of the Dominions on the subject, and its delegates will thus have practically an Imperial mandate.

FRENCH AIRMAN VISITS SMYRNA.

March 4, 5.35 a.m.

A message from Athens says:—Seven French aeroplanes from Salonika bombed Smyrna and returned safely. They travelled 375 miles in twenty-four hours.

ADMIRALTY ASKING FOR FREE HAND.

March 4, 1.20 p.m.

The Naval Estimates provide for a personnel of 350,000. All the votes are dummies, as last year, and thus the Admiralty is asking for a free hand.

TELEGRAMS.

THE ALLIES IN THE WEST.

The Great Verdun Battle.

Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph."

March 4, 1.20 p.m.

The whole of the French press is of the opinion that the Kaiser is driving the German battalions to the assault not for victory but in order to induce the rich German bourgeoisie to draw their cohorts to spread the idea of a German peace throughout the world. The French, however, who are fighting to win, see in the fury of the German attacks signs of a coming collapse.

Admiration in Australia.

March 4, 1.20 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Melbourne says crowds at the newspaper offices await the Verdun communiqué and express intense admiration at the French bravery.

French Casualties.

March 4, 4.10 p.m.

The Paris correspondent of the Times says the French casualties in the first shock at Verdun were 30,000.

GOOD NEWS FROM EGYPT.

March 4, 2.30 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Cairo says: Our officer casualties on February 26 include one South African killed and five wounded, one Dorset Yeomanry officer killed and one wounded. The enemy's casualties were heavy, and 33,000 rounds of ammunition, fifty camels and large quantities of dates were captured, together with 29 prisoners, including five chiefs. Sidi Barrani was re-occupied on February 28 after being three months in the hands of the enemy.

THE RUSSIAN ADVANCE.

March 4, 4.10 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd says: With the occupation of Bitlis the whole of the Van region passes into the hands of the Russians, and moreover, a wedge is thrust between the Turkish forces operating in the Mus region and those in the region of Lake Urmia. Turkish reinforcements from Mesopotamia will now be obliged to make a detour in order to join the Third Turkish Army.

ITALIAN STEAMER TORPEDOED.

March 4, 8.55 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Athens says that fifty-four of the crew rescued from the Italian steamer Java, which was torpedoed by an Austrian submarine, have been brought there.

METAL EXCHANGE RE-OPENS.

March 4, 8.55 p.m.

The Metal Exchange re-opens on Monday. Business in all metals is under the arrangements of the Ministry of Munitions, as is also that in iron at Glasgow.

MORE V.C.s AWARDED.

March 4, 12.20 p.m.

The following have been awarded the Victoria Cross:—2nd Lieutenant Alfred Smith, East Lancs.—The grenade he was about to throw slipped from his hand and fell to the bottom of a trench close to some officers and men, whom Lieut. Smith warned and then jumped clear, but, seeing that they were unable to get cover, Lieut. Smith returned, flinging himself on the grenade, being instantly killed by the explosion. His magnificent self-sacrifice undoubtedly saved many lives.

Private Hull, 21st Lancs.—Under close fire he rescued Captain G. E. Leary, of the same regiment, whose horse had been shot, by mounting Capt. Leary behind him and galloping to safety.

Private Christian, Royal Lancasters.—He dug out three men from a crater, unaided, under continual bombing and then carried them to safety.

[The following telegrams appeared in our special edition of Yesterday.]

THE AGA KHAN.

March 3, 6.40 p.m.

The Aga Khan partook of lunch with Their Majesties at Buckingham Palace to-day.

FRENCH STEAMER MINED.

March 3, 6.40 p.m.

The French steamer Lakme has been mined. There were six casualties.

CALLING UP MORE MARRIED MEN.

March 3, 6.40 p.m.

It is understood that a further nine groups of married men under Lord Derby's scheme will be called up at the end of April.

GERMAN OFFICIAL DECEIT EXPOSED.

March 3, 8

NOTICES.

SUTERHARTMANN & RAHTJENS
COMPOSITION CO., LTD.,
LONDON.

Contractors to the Admiralty, India Office, War Office
Curgents for the Colonies, &c.

"THE RED HAND BRAND."

Antifouling Compositions for Ships' Bottoms. Antisive Paints, Ready mixed, for all purposes.

Supplies available from,

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OREGON PINE LUMBER.

LARGE STOCK OF ALL SIZES ON HAND.

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CONTRACTORS TO HIS MAJESTY'S NAVY.

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THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

New Scheme for Children's Early Endowment.—
Principal features: Small Premium, Liberal Surrender Value, No Medical Examination, Return of Premium in the Event of Death, and Numerous Options at the Age of 25.
Write for Pamphlet and Full Particulars to

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NOTICE.

ASAHI BEER.



TOKIO, JAPAN.

OBTAIABLE EVERYWHERE
SOLE AGENTS
MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA
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ALLSOPP'S

BRITISH PILSENER
BEER.

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MACGREGOR

& Co.

WINE & SPIRIT
MERCHANTS.

15 Queens' Road Central.

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AND SOY MANUFACTURERS.—
Factory at Yamatei
OFFICE: No. 38, Des Voeux Road, W.
No. 17 & K. 12.

We are the leading Manufacturers in
this class of Goods. Our Fruit &
Gingers are all fresh and of the finest pick.
Our Syrup is prepared from the best
quality of Sugar. We give our special
attention to be business and quality
arrangements.

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IRON, STEEL, METAL and HARD
WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale
and Retail Importers, Pig Iron and
Foundry Coke Importers. General Store
keepers and Ship Chandlers. Nos. 35 and
37, Hing Loong Street (2nd Street west
of Central Market) Telephone No. 515.

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AND
GRILL ROOM.
J. H. TAGGART, Manager.

PEAK HOTEL

1,400 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL.

FIFTEEN MINUTES FROM PRINCIPAL LANDING STAGE.
FIRST-CLASS RESIDENTIAL and BUSINESS HOTEL. Devoted for Comfort, Health and
Convenience. Interphones in Every Room; private connection maintained by six lines to Central
Motors, Chair and Machine, Cinema, Pictures, and Social Rooms. European Standard
Service Standard.

P. O. PEUSTER, Manager.

GRAND HOTEL.

A first-class and up-to-date Hotel, most central location, within the vicinity of all the principal Banks.
Noted for the best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation and Cleanliness. Cuisine under European
Supervision. A first-class string Orchestra renders Selections from 8.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.

Special monthly terms for residents and for shipping people.

For further particulars apply—

MANAGER

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ELECTRIC LIFTS AND LIGHTING.

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TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS "CARLTON" TELEPHONE NO. 812
Unrivalled Position in centre of Town with splendid View of the Harbour. Recently Renovated and
Refurbished. Self-contained Suites of Apartments with Private Bath and attached All modern Comforts
UNDER PERSONAL MANAGEMENT OF

O. E. OWEN, Proprietor.

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

From 1st January, 1916, Board and Lodging from \$10.00 per month and upwards. Best Apartments
Excellent Cuisine. Private Dining Rooms for Special Dinners.
Covers for special tables and dinner parties at the Best Clubs and Restaurants.

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Manager.

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CORNER OF HANKOW AND HAIPHONG ROADS, KOWLOON.
THIS HOTEL HAS BEEN RENOVATED AND IS
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PRIVATE AND RESIDENTIAL LOUNGE WITH
SALOON BILLIARD BAR.
PUBLIC BILLIARD BAR WITH FIRST CLASS TABLE
ONLY FIRST CLASS WINES AND SPIRITS STOCKED.
Proprietor F. E. HALL.

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Meals à la Carte.
BOWLING ALLEY NOW OPEN.

Manager. W. GALLAGHER.

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(PRIVATE HOTEL RESIDENTIAL ONLY)

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These Rooms have been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished throughout. They are specially recommended to Mercantile Officers, Tourists, Travellers and Local Residents, being most Centrally Situated, and also special Terms can be arranged with the Alexandra Cafe for full or partial Board. Single Rooms \$2.00 per Day or \$40.00 per Month with attendance, Hot and Cold Water, Electric Light, No Extras. Inspection cordially invited. Full particulars may be obtained either on the premises or at the Telephone 909.

ALEXANDRA CAFE.
Board and Residence from \$3.50 per day \$35.00 per month.

NEW MACAO HOTEL,

PRAYA GRANDE, MACAO.

The above Hotel was opened on 1st April, 1915, under new proprietors and Management. The Hotel now offers for Residents and Tourists excellent accommodation. Large dining room facing the sea. It has been entirely renovated throughout and newly furnished, and is now up-to-date in every respect. Private and Public Rooms, excellent sanitary arrangements. Hot and Cold Baths, Electric Light and Park. Prices Moderate. For further details apply to the Manager.

Telephone 909.

WE GUARANTEE everything put up and sold by the Alexandra Cafe to be of first Class Quality. Try our Famous Tea. We give one Pound of Tea and Ground and Ground Daily and get up in 1 lb. Boxes at 75 cents. We give you a splendid Cup of Lipson's Tea. Minnows and all kinds of every description. Just give me a Trial and you will be more than satisfied.

R. J. HOWARD, Sole Proprietor.

Grand Hotel de l'Europe, Singapore.
BEST SITUATED HOTEL IN TOWN.

EVERY ROOM HAS A BATH-ROOM; DRESSING ROOM ATTACHED.

MOST UP TO DATE SANITARY ARRANGEMENTS.

Under English Management.

H. R. WARING,
ACTING MANAGER.

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YOU WANT A MOTOR CAR?
ALL RIGHT.
PHONE 1036

THE EXILE GARAGE.

33-35 DES VOEUX ROAD,
Where You will get Expert Service and every Satisfaction.

NOTICES.

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WITH

CRUICKSHANK'S COUGH BALSAM.

It soothes the inflamed lungs and bronchial tubes, cures the cough and gives strength against future attacks.
\$1.00 per bottle.

PREPARED ONLY BY THE

VICTORIA DISPENSARY

32, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

GENERAL NEWS.

The New Governor of Mauritius.

Sir Herbert Bell, Governor-designate of Mauritius, has arrived in London from the Leeward Islands and will shortly take up his new post.

On Behalf of the R.C.L.
Sir H. Rider Haggard, has left for South Africa. He goes out on behalf of the Royal Colonial Institute on a mission to the four Dominions in connection with the settlement of ex-service men from the United Kingdom, at the conclusion of the war.

"The Murder of Edith Cavell."
M. Andre de Lorde and M. Henri Bauche, the dramatic authors, according to the Figaro, are completing a play in three acts, or six scenes "The Murder of Edith Cavell" which will probably be produced in London before being performed in Paris.

A Fine Record.

Among the officers of the Indian Forces reported wounded from the Persian Gulf is Captain J. D. Grant, V.C. 1/8th Gurkha Rifles. He won the V.C. when a Lieutenant in Tibet in July, 1904, on the occasion of the storming of the Gyantse Jong, advancing up a bare and almost precipitous rock-face under a heavy fire, and gaining the top on a second attempt after being wounded.

An Anglo-Chinese Cookery Book.

Mrs. R. Calder-Marshall, with the aid of Mrs. P. L. Bryant, has prepared an Anglo-Chinese Cookery Book, which is to be published by Messrs. Brewer & Co. early next month, in English and Chinese, which will contain more than 1,000 recipes, says the N. C. Daily News. The translation into simple Chinese has been made with the utmost care, by a competent translator, and in such as any Chinese cook can easily understand. The price for the two volumes is \$6 and the entire net proceeds of the sale will be given to the various war funds during the continuation of the war, and thereafter to local charities. Such a book will certainly fill a want long felt by housekeepers, and the war funds should benefit materially.

American Cotton for Germany.
Washington, January 7.—Mr. H. H. Pope, president of the Texas Farmers' Union, outlined to-day to Congressmen from the cotton States the Union's plans for shipment of cotton to Germany by way of Sweden. He said that the cotton would be concentrated at Houston, that the first ship would sail on February 1, and that regular sailings were planned. The cotton would be sent by a native-born American citizen, which would fly the American flag. The cotton has been sold for 27 cents a pound delivered at destination, and will net the farmers about 20 cents. The market price is about 12 cents, and the British Government has been paying that for cotton seized. Inasmuch as Great Britain and Germany both have cotton on their contraband list, this latest move may revive the contentions of the United States against their action.

The Kweichow Railway.

Rumours are again circulating in regard to building the railway to Kweichow and Kunming, which has already been surveyed and often talked of, says the N. C. Daily News. The Chaktsing and Anhui promoters of the line have appointed a representative to talk the matter over with the S.H.N.R. officials. When this railway is built, it will bring Kunming within a few hours of Shanghai. It will probably pass the Shanghai Municipal Pinghuo quarry and will make money by transporting the stone to Hangchow, Shanghai, etc. At present the stone is all carried by boats, which are slow and uncertain because of weeds and low water, and also expensive. The Government will do well to hasten the building of this line which will, no doubt, be a paying one.

ROBINSON PIANO CO.

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The COLOURWASH which
lasts ten times longer.

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SOLE AGENTS FOR "DURESCO" THE DURABLE

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON

15, Morrison Hill Road

For a good solid meal, a la
Carte or Table d'Hoté, with
Wines & Liquors of the Best
ALEXANDRA CAFE.

GENERAL NEWS.

Recovery of Speech.
While a comic film was being shown at a Norbury cinema theatre, Captain J. Hopkins, of the Army Cycle Corps, suddenly recovered his speech, which he had lost through being "gassed" at Ypres. He returned to the local war hospital chattering gaily, and is now on 10 days' furlough before reporting again for the front.

Not So Very Unhealthy.

An application was recently made to Mr. H. C. Birn at Lambeth for an order of ejection against a woman aged 93, who for 15 years has occupied a house which had now been condemned by the medical officer of health. Mr. Birn, in making the order, remarked that if the occupant had attained the age of 93 years the premises did not seem to be very unhealthy.

For Disabled Fighters.

The Board of Management of the Cordwainers Technical College have prepared a scheme for instructing disabled soldiers and sailors in boot and shoe making, and have guaranteed the expenses of the first two classes of from 12 to 14 men each. The instruction is designed to qualify the men to set up in businesses of their own either as hand-sewn bootmakers or repairers.

A Chinese Women's Aid Society.
The Chinese Government has received a telegram from Mr. Hsien Hsi-ling at Hankow, reporting that he has started a society for the relief of women refugees from Ichang and other regions on the upper Yangtze who are fleeing from the danger zone. It is presumed that Mr. Hsien will remain for the present at Hankow to direct the work of the society, which is called the Relief Society for Women and Children.

Peaches a Cheap Luxury.
Peaches in January, at about half the cost of newlaid eggs, are the latest cheap wartime luxury, says the *Times*. Within the past few days heavy shipments of peaches have arrived from the Cape, and the barrowmen in the streets have been doing a roaring trade in them at 2d. and 1d. each, and in a few cases were even selling them at 1d. The 2d. and 1d. peaches were fine, ripe, and firm.

The Chinese Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce.

The ambitions of Mr. Chou Tse-chen, Minister of Agriculture and Commerce, for the development of important industries in the land, have resulted in the recent establishment of the two Departments of Aforestation and the Cotton Industry. Lately, the Minister has

determined to start a new Tea Industrial Department in addition, the object being to introduce reforms. The Minister has already appointed Mr. Tao Chang-ahn, Chief of the Department of Aforestation, to act concurrently as the Chief of the new Department. A Department for Sugar Industry will be established some time later.

Industrial Exhibition in Fukien.
With a view to promoting native industries and at the same time to brighten the business prospects in his province, Hsu Shih-ying, the Governor of Fukien, has submitted a memorial to the central Government requesting permission for the establishment of an Industrial Exhibition in his territory. This matter has been favourably considered by the Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce, and we have every reason to believe that this institution will soon be organised for the industrial propaganda of the province. Incidentally, we should mention says the *Shanghai National Review*, that recently one hundred pieces of commodity of various kinds representing the different industries in the Shantung province arrived at Peking forwarded by the Governor of the province to be displayed in the Industrial Exhibition.

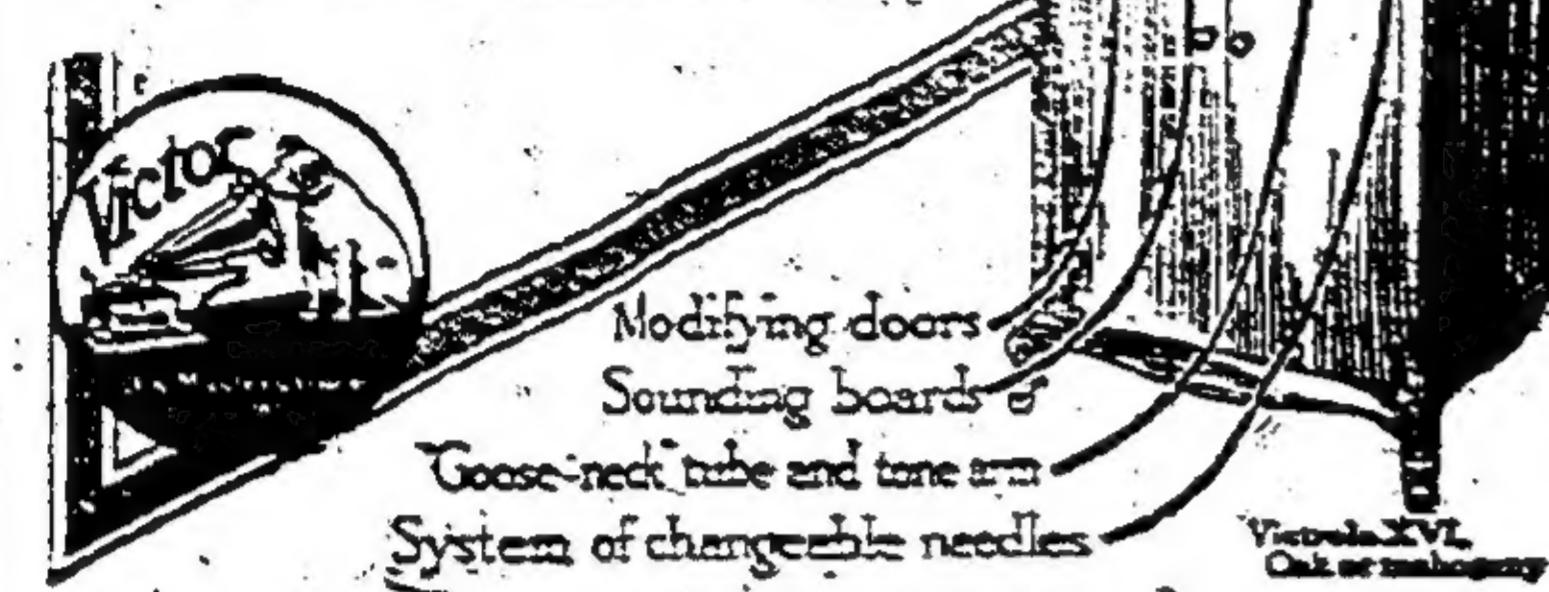
If you have lost your appetite one of the big variety of dainty dishes at the ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt you again.

NOTICES.

TONE
THAT'S WHERE THE
VICTROLA
IS PRE-EMINENT

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

MOUTRIE'S

VON PAPEN'S SEIZED
PAPERS.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

Financing Crime in America.

Eastern Extension Australasia & China Telegraph Co.

New York, January 15.—The Associated Press publishes a long despatch giving the main points of the correspondence seized at Falmouth upon Captain von Papen, the German Military Attaché at Washington, who was lately recalled at the request of the American Government. The papers show that Captain von Papen made frequent payments to persons charged with being responsible for explosions at munition works and bridges in America.

Captain von Papen's cheque book, counterfoils, passbooks, and letters from his bank, Biggs' National Bank at Washington, show about 500 items, many of which have to do only with routine expenditure, but others show payments to various persons who have figured prominently in the activities of German agents in America, and at least of one spy, the man Kapferle, who committed suicide in an English prison. Several large payments were made to von Papen by Count Bernstorff, the German Ambassador at Washington, but most of these were for salaries or allowances. Several entries show payments by Count Bernstorff to Captain von Papen, made on account of the "War Intelligence Office." One of the payments on this account was made in October, 1914, for £450.

Bank-Book Revelations.
In January, 1915, an entry shows that von Papen gave to Horn, the man convicted of blowing up the Maine bridge, £140. On the day before this cheque was issued, the German Embassy paid £400 into von Papen's account. In January, 1915, von Papen gave a cheque payable to Amsick and Co., New York, with the name "E. Kupferle" in brackets on the counterfoil. Another counterfoil shows that about two weeks before the Seattle explosion of May 30, 1915, von Papen sent £100 to the German Consulate at Seattle. In February, 1915, von Papen sent £280 to the German Consulate at Seattle. To illustrate the extent of von Papen's financial operations, his bank book shows that in January, 1915, he received approximately £1,280, and paid out £1,000.

Four letters of especial interest were found among von Papen's effects. The first is the letter from Baron von Maysenburg, the German Consul at New Orleans, to Captain von Papen. It runs as follows:

New Orleans, Dec. 4, 1915.
Dear Herr von Papen.—I read with great regret that the fate of our dear has indeed overtaken you. I do not suppose that you are very unhappy at being able to shake the dust of this unfriendly country from off your feet. What chiefly offends me is that in always giving way to the Government here we have never found that they are kindly disposed towards us. That the demand for your recall has been so sudden and belated throws an interesting light upon the Government here. May the day of reckoning also come here, and our Government find again

(Continued on page 9.)

Prepaid Advertisements

ONE CENT PER WORD
FOR EACH INSERTION.

TO LET.

TO LET.—Three-roomed flats in Humphreys Building, Kowloon.

Four-roomed flats in May Road, with every modern convenience, including English baths and kitchen ranges, hot water and water carriage system. A few flats specially designed to accommodate three bachelors at reasonable rentals. Immediate possession.

Four-roomed houses in Gordon Terrace and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon.

Two roomed flats in Nathan Road, Kowloon.

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HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.

Alexandra Buildings.

TO LET.—Offices at 2 Connaught Road.

Offices in King's Buildings, Offices in Des Voeux Road Central.

Houses in Clifton Gardens, Conduit Road.

New houses in Broadwood Terrace.

Houses at the Peak.

No. 1 Moreton Terrace, Causeway Bay.

Godowns at Wanchai.

No. 1, 2 and 3 West End Terrace Canton.

Apply to—

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

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Office address: 11, Ice House St.

BIRTHS.

KIRKHOPE.—At Mukden, on February 23, 1916, to Mr. and Mrs. H. Kirkhope, a daughter.

CAREY.—On February 23, 1916, at Foochow, the wife of F. W. Carey, Deputy Commissioner of Customs, of a son.

ROBBINS.—On February 25, 1916, at Dr. Fearn's house, 96 Bubbling Well Road, to the Rev. and Mrs. Robbins, a son.

LUCAS.—On February 28, 1916, at the Victoria Nursing Home, Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Lucas, twin daughters.

TATE.—On February 28, 1916, at the Victoria Nursing Home, Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. P. G. Tate, a son.

MARRIAGES.

BLACKSTOCK-NEILSON.—At the Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, on the 28th ult., by the Rev. A. J. S. Stearn, George, eldest son of the late Edward Blackstock, Dumbarton, Scotland, to Margaret Tighe, daughter of the late William Neilson and Mrs. Neilson of Glasgow, Scotland.

LEDGARD-THORPE.—On February 28, 1916, at the Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, by the Rev. A. J. S. Stearn, M.A., Harold, third son of the late John A. Ledgard, of Norbury, London, to Mary, youngest daughter of Captain and Mrs. R. J. Thorpe, of Sydney, N. S. W.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1916.

THE FREEDOM OF THE SEAS.

As we anticipated would be the case, President Wilson has scored a striking success by sticking to his guns on the armed merchantmen question, the Senate having rejected, by an overwhelming majority, the resolution backed by a pro-German element, advising Americans not to travel on belligerent ships armed for purely defensive purposes. In making up his mind to follow a firm and determined course of action, the President must have been aware of the fact that he would alienate himself from a certain section of his Party, but he also must have known that his attitude would immensely strengthen his position in the eyes of the great bulk of his constituency, and, incidentally, give deep satisfaction to those nations which are to-day fighting for the sanctity of international law.

The issue was a very clear-cut one. For Americans it resolved itself into a question of their right to travel on the high seas without danger to their lives, and, to the outsider, it seems astounding that there should have been any section of the people prepared to concede a fraction of a point on such an issue. But the fact remains that there are Democrats who are willing to knuckle down to the Germans in the hope of catching the German-American vote, and it was in opposition to these that President Wilson came out and took up a dignified and honourable stand. A few days ago, a message from Washington indicated that, with the support of the Republicans, the President would be able to secure a vote of confidence in Congress, but Saturday's telegrams showed that he was in no mood to allow the issue to be obscured by any such measure of compromise as this. He demanded—and quite rightly so, too—that there should be a straight vote on the resolution; nothing less than that would satisfy him. After all, that was the crucial point in the crisis which had arisen. The revolting Democrats would no doubt have preferred a vote on the President's general foreign policy, well knowing that in such a development they could look to the Republicans for a considerable measure of support. Equally, they realised that a straight fight on the armed merchantmen question would be sure to attract a backing to the President sufficient to make his position absolutely secure. The whole point was whether Mr. Wilson could force a vote on the specific issue. If he could not have done so, he would have appealed to a larger tribunal—the people of the country. And it would certainly have been a grim anomaly if, in a country which stands for the free and unfettered expression of the popular will, the President should have been hauled in his desire to obtain a definite expression of opinion on the point.

The position, as it presents itself now, is that the Senate is standing by President Wilson in his fight for the freedom of the seas. America thus definitely disputes Germany's distorted conception of international law, rejecting the contention that a merchant vessel defensively armed is in any respect comparable to a ship of war. The outcome will have a big influence on President Wilson's prospects in the National campaign, we may be sure. But out of the Senatorial declaration, larger and graver issues than that will spring forth. The present is a most critical period for the United States. How it will all end, no-one knows.

"Punishing the Expectations."

In our issue of Saturday, under the above heading, we stated that the campaign against spitting, which the New York Board of Health and Police Department have instituted, is already very much at work, and that several men have been hauled up and fined for this beastly practice. If only our local Sanitary and Police authorities would take the hint! Needless to say, the classes of people to be dealt with in Hongkong and New York respectively differ considerably and no one who knows this Colony can possibly be so sanguine as to hope that the day will ever come when European, Eurasian and Asiatic will be persuaded universally to see hygienic matters in the same light. But there is this to be said for the Hongkong Chinese public: that they are, at bottom, more amenable to the law and less ready to spout about the "rights of the subject" than most modern European publics, and that a definite rule is obeyed by them quite as readily as it would be in other parts of the world. Our authorities start off with the assumption: "Oh; the Chinese will spit," and they appear to make that an excuse for not attempting to put a stop to the practice. We might observe that the Chinese are not the sole offenders in this respect. In order that justice may be done to all, how would it be to frame an Ordinance whereby the Chinese who makes a spittoon of the pavement is fined a dollar, the Eurasian two dollars, and the European (who is supposed to set an example to his neighbour) three or even five dollars?

"Ich Dien" or "Eich Dyn"?

We notice that Mr. Bottomley has a new grievance. He wants to know what we as loyal British subjects whose duty it is to have neither part nor lot in German ways, thoughts and words, are doing with a German motto on the crest of our Herr Apparant.

Every schoolboy knows what the motto of the Prince of Wales' Feathers is, and how it came to be adopted by the Black Prince.

Had it not been that recent events have obliged all of us to associate "German" with everything that is mean and false and cowardly and hypocritical, we think that Britons would have vigorously opposed any tampering with that which has the sanction of five and a half centuries of usage. Now that we are bidding goodbye to everything German, Mr. Bottomley suggests that the plain English, "I Serve" should replace the German words on our Prince's escutcheon. To our way of thinking, a Hongkong Welshman has improved on this idea by pointing out that the Welsh words "Eich Dyn" would be a far more fitting substitute for the present "Ich Dien."

"Eich Dyn," we are given to understand, means "Your Man"—man, of course, in the same sense in which the French form survives in "honneur". Seeing that the people of the Principality are the most concerned, it would seem only fair that they should have first voice in the selection of a new motto if the powers that be decide to listen to Mr. Bottomley.

"Some."

Talking of words and their uses, the *Observer* remarks:

"The origin of the word 'some' as a slang adjective of a nondescript degree is attributed to the United States but,

as a matter of fact, its use in this special sense is as old as the Lancashire dialect".

The writer cites such examples as:

"Aw'm some fond o' thee, ma lass" etc. This statement is the more interesting in that, in the south-east of England a not dissimilar mode of expression exists.

There the word is "something."

The Kentish labourer or fisherman will say "The ground's somethin' hard to-day," or "I'm blest if it wasn't somethin' cold this morning."

We have, on various occasions, mildly protested against sundry old English usages being written off summarily as American slang. Readers of Owen Winter's "The Virginian" will remember that scores of English provincialisms occur therein; and it should be plain to everyone who takes the trouble to think about the matter, that the British labourer who has been emigrating to America any time these three centuries must have taken his language with him and handed it on.

DAY BY DAY

AN HOW I DIVEST TO NATURE
AND HUMSELF
IS THOUGHTLESS, THANKLESS,
INCONSISTENT MAN—Young.The Weather.
At the Peak 8 a.m. Temp. 59;
clear. (1915, 86 full).
Lower level 8 a.m. Temp. 61;
clear. (1915, 74 full).The Mills.
American, Canadian and Siberian
Mills—Close per a. m. Canada
Mills at 11 a.m. to-morrow.
Siberian Mail—Close per a. m.
Anhui at 3 p.m. to-morrow.
French Mail—Close per a. m.
Atlantique at 4 p.m. to-
morrow.The Dollar.
The rate of the dollar on
demand to-day is 1/11.To-morrow's Anniversary.
To-morrow is the 29th anniversary
of the siege of Sofia, during
the Bulgarian military insurrection.Dumping Rubbish.
A Chinese woman was fined \$7
by Mr. Hazelton, at the Police
Court this morning, for dumping
rubbish in the harbour.Did not Play Poker Dice.
At the Police Court, to-day, a
16 years old Chinese denied that
he was playing poker dice in the
street. His story was believed by
Mr. Wood, and he was dis-
missed.

A Stowaway.

A Chinese was charged before
Mr. Hazelton, at the Police Court
this morning, with stowing himself
away between decks in a ship
from Shanghai to Hongkong. A
fine of \$25, or a month was
imposed.

Theft from a Stall.

A Chinese was charged before
Mr. Wood, at the Police Court
this morning, with stealing a
packet of cigarettes, valued at
\$2.70, from a stall in charge of a
woman. The case was adjourned.

Sanitary Employees' Conflict.

On a charge of fighting in
Kennedy Road, two employees of
the Sanitary Department were
brought before Mr. Hazelton, at
the Police Court this morning. A
lukong said he saw the men
fighting, and stopped them, after-
wards locking them up. A fine
of \$5, or 14 days was imposed.

A Widow's Loss.

A widow named Ho Yen, of
48, Caine Road, has reported to
the Police that at about midnight
on the 2nd inst., while in a
voyage to Canton from Hongkong,
by the ss. Wing On, and while in
Chinese waters, some person stole
nine pieces of jewellery, valued
at \$220.00, and \$25 in money,
the property of her mistress.

A Victimized Hawker.

At the Police Court this morning,
before Mr. Wood, a Chinese was
charged with crying his wares in a
prohibited street instead of
the Szeu Canal. Outward
sailings are also going that way,

and the Gorges for Singapore
and Keemun for Shanghai which
have just left and are proceeding by
the Cape. —L. & C. Express.

Theft from European House.

Mr. W. Russell, No. 17,
Kintail Terrace, Kimberley
Road, Kowloon, has reported to
the Police that some person
entered the sitting room at the
above address by the front door,
which was left open, and stole one
silver flower stand, valued at
\$40.00; one silver sweet bowl,
\$4.00; seven silver spoons, \$7.00;
and two white cotton table covers,
\$3; to the total value of \$90.00.

The Pilot's Coat.

At the Police Court this morn-
ing, before Mr. Hazelton, a Chin-
ese was charged with stealing an
Oilskin coat, the property of
Capt. Philip Goings, a pilot.

Sergeant Wills said the man had
been working on the Blue Funnel
boat as a stoker, and had slept
the night previously with the
coat round him. The following
morning he cleared off with it.

A month's hard labour and four
hours' stocks was his reward.

FROM THE PULPIT

"Not Peace, but a Sword."

Notes of sermon by Rev. J.
Kirk Macomach at Union Church
yesterday morning:Text: "Think not that I came to
send peace to the earth. I came
not to send peace, but a sword."

Matt. 10/34.

These arresting words draw
attention to an aspect of the truth
seemingly overlooked, often more or
less resisted. They present no
difficulty to those who watch the
spread of the gospel amongst
people of other faiths. Division
and strife still result where the
choice is offered between Christ
and conscience on the one hand,
and parents and family on the
other.

It may take two to make a
quarrel, but it takes only one to
misunderstand, oppose and ill-
use, and such things are among
the inevitable results of Christ's
coming to this world and invit-
ing men to follow Him.

If He had not come, many pain-
ful things would have been
averted. The cross would have
been staved, with all the offence
gathered around it and still
does. The millions of lives
lost in persecutions would have
been spared. There would have
been no Crusades in the Middle
Ages, no Armenian massacres in
our own.

It is conceivable that the greater
part of the world to-day might
have achieved some sort of unity
under the green flag of the
Arabian prophet and a Caliphate
at Stamboul. Not that the world
have been the happier on that
account. The sum of its trouble,
strife and bloodshed would have
been far greater, for there
was and is discord in abundance
in the world, altogether apart
from Christ. No one can be
so mad as to dream that
peace and goodwill would have
established themselves in the
world if Christ had left it alone
under the tender mercies of Mars,
Odin, Mahomet, and whatever
Sanctuary of these three it is
which we find in modern Prussia.

Still, we must freely recognise
that the gospel of goodwill has
been an occasion of trouble and
strife in this world, and must be
until the time comes, if ever it
does, when the hearts of all men
are yielded to God in a degree
they have not been hitherto. If
it is our duty at all costs to
avert immediate distress and
suffering, then it is our duty to
hide Christ's light under bushel.
Darkness has a natural antipathy
to light, and turns illumination
into confusion. The confu-
sion can be avoided by letting
darkness continue, but not otherwise.
The man who said he was
in favor of peace at any price,
they have not been hitherto.

If it is our duty at all costs to
avert immediate distress and
suffering, then it is our duty to
hide Christ's light under bushel.
Darkness has a natural antipathy
to light, and turns illumination
into confusion. The confu-
sion can be avoided by letting
darkness continue, but not otherwise.
The man who said he was
in favor of peace at any price,
they have not been hitherto.

It is not the duty of Christianity
to preserve an equilibrium for
ignoble living. There may be
more Christianity in the call
which came to fight for our best
ideals and our existence as a free
people, to safeguard with sacrifice
our world-wide stewardship, to
keep our word to a small and
threatened country, to withstand a
mighty and unscrupulous
oppressor come forth like some

Goliath to threaten mankind with
the old brutal claim that might
is right. It is better to die for
such ideals that to go on living
under their surrender, and one
need not hesitate to apply with
reverence our Lord's own words,

"Far not them who kill the
body, and after that have no more
that they can do."

The only calamity to be feared is the death
of the soul, the surrender of the
high things which give life any
value. There would have been
more cause to call our Christianity
a failure had we chosen such
peace as was possible rather than
the sword put into our hand.

No man in his senses will
claim to offer a full solution of all
the painful problems which are
involved. But we have light
enough to justify us in expecting
more, and warn any man from
presuming to charge God with

folly for what He permits to arise
in the course of working out His
great purposes in the world. We
may learn once again that man-
kind cannot share Christ's

triumph and reject His travails,
that between us and the Crown
there still stands the Cross.

NOTINGS BY THE WAY.

The certain ring at 9.30 p.m.
sharp, by which time it is hoped
everyone will be seated. Longly
experience of Hongkong theatre
going stoically went to the
framing of that arrangement.
And even then everybody was not
in his seat. How would it be to
try 9.45 another time?

Judging from the condition of
the road-surfaces in the western
portions of the city of Victoria, it
seems to us that the P.W.D.,
with an almost divine pres-
cience, long ago decided that
it would be recommended
to hold its hand where the riotous
expenditure of money for road-
making is concerned—which
renders the remarks on the subject
of the Department's economies at
last week's Council meeting
practically superfluous.

"Watch the Durhams" says a
Telegraph headline; but we have
had no official intimation, up to
the present, that this is to be the
motto when the Police Reserve is
presented with a coat of arms.

"The Government We Deserve,"
says the *Review of Reviews*.
Marries our deserts; the question
is, what do some Governments
deserve?

We are in a position to inform
our readers on excellent authority
that, owing to certain recent trans-
actions in the Legislative Council,
their chums at the end of this
month will amount to very much
less—or else very much more.

"Beer Causes Bow Legs,"
asserts the *Shanghai China Press*.
You bet it does—or ought—in
people who carry round as much
of it at one time as some we could
name.

"I shall be guarding your
premises to-night, so you can sleep
in peace," observed the enthusiastic
Police Reserve. And the
caudal friend replied sweetly
"Yes; after I've had an extra
lock put on the door."

"

LOCAL SPORT.

CRICKET.

Kowloon v. The University.

Played on the Kowloon ground on Saturday, this match ended in a victory for the visitors, who were 37 runs to the good with four wickets in hand. Scores—

University. J. D. Wright, c and b Braga ... 24 A. de Souza, b Braga ... 26 G. E. Marley, c Braga b Evans 23 Wei Wing Look, c Braga b. Kay ... 3 K. Braysay, not out ... 27 F. A. Redmond, b Kay ... 14 Ng See Kwong, c Braga b Kay ... 6 Ho Wing Kin, not out ... 9 Extras ... 3 Total (6 wickets) ... 138 H. H. Bumjahn, Chan Wing To and Yang Hin Lum did not bat.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

O. M. R. W. Key ... 18 5 47 3 Evans ... 12 2 30 1 N. A. Narther ... 8 0 27 0 Braga ... 11 2 28 2 Kowloon F. Sutton, b Braysay ... 4 D. J. McKenzie, c Wei Wing ... 2 Look, b Marley ... 2 J. V. Braga, b Braysay ... 21 B. D. Evans, b Marley ... 15 N. A. Narther, c Yung Hin Lum, b Marley ... 9 S. E. Green, c Bumjahn, b Marley ... 10 J. P. Robinson, b Braysay ... 23 J. H. Head, b Braysay ... 12 W. Kay, b Braysay ... 4 P. B. Wolff, b Braysay ... 4 A. W. E. Davidson, not out ... 1 Extras ... 2 Total ... 98 BOWLING ANALYSIS. O. M. R. W. Braysay ... 13 4 1 49 6 Manday ... 13 3 47 4

LAWN TENNIS.

Wigwam Tennis Competition. Members of the Wigwam Lawn Tennis Club spent a most enjoyable afternoon on Saturday, when an American tournament, under handicap conditions, took place on the Club's lawn. The competition was for silver spoons, kindly presented by Mr. G. W. Sewell, and the event occupied the whole afternoon. In all, nine mixed pairs entered, each playing the remaining couples the best of five games. Miss Neave and Mr. Hobbs (owc 15.3/5) were the winners of the tournament, having scored 27 games out of a possible 40. They were closely followed by Mrs. Beaupre and Mr. Wilkie (rec. 3/5), who were only one game behind on the total.

The remaining competitors, with their respective scores, were:—Mrs. Wilson and Mr. Jensen (rec. 15.3/5), 24; Miss M. Neave and Mr. Dryer (rec. 15.2/5), 23; Miss Stone and Mr. Bjørne (rec. 15.3/5), 22; Mrs. Kennedy and Mr. Railton (owc 3/6), 21; Miss Conway and Mr. Hieka (rec. 15.1/5), 14; Mrs. Lambert and Mr. Sewell (owc 30.3/6), 12; Miss Kinight and Mr. Macdonald (owc 3/6), 11.

FOOTBALL.

The Challenge Shield Match. The semi-final of the Challenge Shield competition took place on Saturday when the Hongkong Club met a team composed of the Best of the Military and after a game in which the Clubmen had a great deal of luck they ran out winners by the odd goal in three. From a display point of view the game never approached anything really interesting and it was the vanquished who gave the best despite the fact that they have only played together once previously, they inflicted much better combination into their work and put up quite as good a game as their friends had hoped for. On the other hand the Club never seemed to settle down and the exhibition was one of the poorest given by them this season, and yet being favoured with a great deal of luck they managed to emerge the victors.

POLICE RESERVE ORDERS.

Ordered issued to-day by Mr. F. C. Jenkins, D.S.P. (Reserve) state—

Mounted Police.

Through the courtesy of the Hongkong Jockey Club, free stable accommodation has been provided for the ponies belonging to this detachment.

The members also gratefully acknowledge a supply of blankets and stable gear provided by Mr. N. J. Stabb.

P. C. Goldring, transferred by courtesy of O.C. H.R.V.O. will take charge of New Territories Mounted Patrol until further orders.

P. C. E. F. Scull, having joined, is posted to Mounted Police.

Musicktry.

Sunday March 12th.—Blake Pier, 9.0 a.m. sharp, all N.C. officers; Blake Pier, 1.0 p.m. sharp, Nos. 1 & 2 Platoons of No. 1 Co.

N. B.—No further firing will take place at Range A.—D. Range E. & F. may be fired only by those who have fired A.—D.

Platoon Parades.

Tuesday March 7th.—No. 3 Co. (3rd and 4th Platoons.)

Wednesday March 8th.—No. 1 Co. (3rd and 4th Platoons.)

Thursday March 9th.—No. 2 Co. (1st, 2nd and 3rd Platoons.)

No. 2 Co. (3rd Platoon) will parade at St. Joseph's College.

Platoon Commanders are ordered to report absences without leave. Maxim Gunners.

Will report at Central Station at 5.30 p.m. sharp on Monday, March 6th, and Wednesday, March 8th.

Route March.

All ranks will parade at Central at 5.15 p.m. on Friday, March 10th, for Route March. Uniform with helmets and spikes. White mushroom tops to be worn by those to whom spikes have not been issued.

Maxim Gunners, Motor Patrols, Mounted Patrols, and Ambulance Co. will attend.

Re-issue of Service Rifles.

Service Rifles will be re-issued as follows on Wednesday, March 8th—

Nos. 3 and 4 Platoons at 5.15 p.m. sharp.

No. 1 Platoon at 5.30 p.m. sharp.

Orchestra Practice. Monday, 6th March at 6.0 p.m.

A Russian Lapse.

A Russian was charged before Mr. Hazelton, at the Police Court this morning, with being drunk and disorderly. A Constable said he found the man lying drunk in the middle of the road; he was shouting and making a great noise. A fine of \$3, or seven days' imprisonment, was imposed.

There was a fairly good crowd present when the game started and although the first to press the Club failed to open the scoring, the Military then taking up the attack in a manner which bespoke of both enthusiasm and ability. It was only a few minutes after the game had begun when Steele had the satisfaction of netting after a melee in front of the goal. Black and McTavish of the Club both met with accidents, the latter having to retire from the field. Towards the close of the first half the Club managed to equalise, Walker being the scorer.

The second moiety had been somewhat gone when Stewart tried a long shot and to the surprise of himself and ever one else, the ball bounced very awkwardly and passed the goal into the net. It was a lucky goal. There was no further scoring and the Military were thus beaten after having had most of the play.

United Services League.

Playing in the United Services League the Royal Engineers easily accounted for the Navy by four clear goals, though the score rather over-estimates the superiority of the military man. Still they undoubtedly deserved to win.

Hongkong League Second Division.

There were three games in the Second Division of the Hongkong League. That between Kowloon Belchers resulted in a goalless draw. The Islamics defeated the Diocesan School, the goals being three to two. The 83rd. Company R.G.A. got the better of the Confucians, running out winners by three goals to nil.

TRADE OPENINGS.

American Agencies Seeking Hongkong Connections.

Trade Inquiry List No. 54, issued by the American Consulate General, Hongkong, shows that American concerns are seeking Hongkong connections as listed below—

Glass are gelatines.—The Miller and Higgins Company, of No. 222-224 Front Street, New York City, seek an Hongkong agent for their line of glass and gelatines and invite correspondence.

Chinese product.—Mr. E. Miltenberg, of 441, Broadway, New York City, desires connections with Hongkong firms for the sale of all Chinese produce with the exception of tea and raw silk and invites correspondence.

Dry goods and general merchandise.—Mr. E. Ribalts, of 72, Leonard Street, New York City, whose present connections are largely with Central and South America, seeks a Hongkong firm or individual who can act as resident salesman for his line of dry goods and general merchandise.

Tobacco.—The Astor Tobacco Company, of 428, East 106th Street, New York City, is entering the Hongkong market with its line of tobacco suitable for cigar, cigarette and snuff manufacture, and invites correspondence.

Leaf tobacco.—Messrs. Hall and Cotton, of 203-215, South Eighth Street, Louisville, Ky., seek Hongkong connections for the sale of various grades of Kentucky and Tennessee tobacco in this field and invite correspondence.

Dried and canned fruits.—Elmer Bros. Nursery, of 78, Market Street, San Jose, Cal., seek a Hongkong agent for the introduction of Californian dried fruits, canned fruits and similar goods.

Nursery stock.—Elmer Bros. Nursery, of 78, South Market Street, San Jose, Cal., seeks Hongkong representation for the introduction of nursery stock of all kinds including roses, flower seeds, fruit trees and similar stock, and invites correspondence.

Rattan, reed and seagrass furniture.—The Omaha Reed and Rattan Company, of Omaha, Neb., is in the market for rattan and reed in various forms and rattan and seagrass furniture and invites samples of reed and price.

Steel hoists.—The Wright Manufacturing Company, of Lisbon, Ohio, seeks a Hongkong agent for the introduction of its steel chain hoists and trolleys and invites correspondence.

Screw-cutting tools and machinery.—The Greenfield Tap and Die Corporation, of Greenfield, Mass., seeks Hongkong connections for the introduction of its screw cutting tools, screw plates, taps, dies, reamers, gauges, threading machines, etc., and invites correspondence.

Shark fins, fish maw and dried abalone.—The International Fisheries Company, of Marsh Strong Building, Los Angeles, Cal., is seeking to introduce its line of shark fins, fish maw, dried abalone meat and other fish products and invites correspondence.

Dry photographic plates.—The Central Dry Plate Company, of 1811-25, Arsenal Street, St. Louis, Mo., seeks a Hongkong agent for the introduction of its dry photographic plates and similar goods and invites correspondence.

Dustless dust-cloth and floor mops.—The Milton Chemical Company, of Sixth Street, Cambridge, Mass., Boston, Mass., seeks a Hongkong agent for the introduction of its dustless dust cloths and dustless floor mops and other specialities designed to counteract dust.

Cigarette-making machines.—The American Machine and Foundry Company, of 348, Carroll Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., seeks the introduction of its line of cigarette making machinery and desires a Hongkong agent.

Released.

M. Leon Theodore, President of the Brussels Bar, who was arrested by the Germans, has been released as the result of protests made by the Bars of the Allies and the intervention of the King of Spain.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

SAUSAGES.

We invite you to inspect the variety of Sausages we have

ALL READY FOR YOUR TABLE.

OXFORD SAUSAGES.
TOMATO " "
POLONY "

BOLOGNE SAUSAGES.
TONGUE " "
BLOOD "

LIVER SAUSAGES, &c., &c., &c.

All made on our own premises by
our own European Expert.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENT.

WHITEAWAY
LAIDLAW & CO.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS OF THE CELEBRATED
"WHITEAWAY," FOLDING BABY
CARRIAGE.



PRICE \$27.50

WHITEAWAY'S

20, DES VIEUX ROAD, HONGKONG.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

Per Mr. Haiching from Foochow on 5th March—

Dinny Mr. H. F. Jenkins Miss I.

Ford Mr. W. Saito Mr. P. E.

Hatty Miss M. Wankins Rev. A.

THE Undersigned has received
instructions from the Liquidators
of Messrs. F. Blackhead & Co. to sell by Public Auction on

TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY, the

14th & 15th March, 1916

commencing at 11 a.m.

at Messrs. F. Blackhead & Co.'s

Store, Ice House Road

A Large Quantity of Russian

Tarred Hemp Rope and Bolt

Rope (from 1/2" to 3")

Also

Russian Leadlines and White

Lines, Tarred Spin Yarn, Dixons

Graphite Paint, Varnish, Boot-

topping Paint, Fairbank Scales

1,000 to 1,500 lbs. capacity and

kilo weight), Asbestos Fibre and

Slates, Blake Pumps, Aladdin

Lamps, Packing, Sugar, Lead,

Spirits of Tar, Rubber, Belting,

Cork Fenders, Galvanized Iron

Thimbles and Clews, Galvanized

Iron Patent Folding Anchors,

Iron and Steel Wire Rope (1" to

5"), Cotton Waste, Sail Cloth and

Duck, Brass Valves, Ties and

Couplings, etc., etc.

And

20 Cents Engine, Cylinder and

Motor Oil.

42 Dozen Assorted Filter

Bottles.

On view from Friday the 10th

inst.

Catalogues will be issued.

Terms—Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 6th March, 1916.

HENRY HEATH HATS

FELT
TERAIAND
STRAW

MACKINTOSH & CO. LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists,
16, DES VIEUX ROAD.

COLUMBIA
DOUBLE DISC
RECORDS
\$1.50

ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.
6, DES VIEUX ROAD.
Tel. 1322

WM. POWELL, LTD.

SHIPPING

THE PENINSULAR
AND ORIENTAL S. N. CO.
ENGLISH MAIL

WILL despatch VESSELS to the Undermentioned PORTS on or about the DATES named:

For	Steamers	To Sail On	Remarks
LONDON & Bom-			
—bays, Singapore, Nankin		3 p.m.	Freight & Passage
Penang, Colombo, Cape Town, Tenerife		9th Mar.	
Port Said and Marseilles			
SHANGHAI, Moji, Malta		about 16th Mar.	Freight & Passage
Kobe and Yokohama	Capt. C. G. Talbot		
LONDON & Bombay, Spore, Penang, Cbo. Port Said & Marseilles	Capt. H. R. Hetherington, R.N.R.	about 24th Mar.	Freight & Passage
SHANGHAI, Moji, Nagoya, Kobe and Yokohama	Capt. Garwood, R.N.R.	about 25th Mar.	Freight & Passage

All steamers are fitted with Wireless Telegraphy.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

E. V. D. Parr,
P. & O. S. N. Co.'s office,
Hongkong, 1st March, 1916.

Acting Superintendent

CANADIAN PACIFIC

OCEAN SERVICES, LIMITED.
(PACIFIC SERVICE)

FROM CHINA & JAPAN TO
CANADA, UNITED STATES & EUROPE

VIA VANCOUVER.

CALLING AT SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI (Inland Sea), KOBE AND YOKOHAMA
in connection with the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

"EMPEROR OF RUSSIA" — "EMPEROR OF ASIA" 16,850 Tons Gross Register—Quadruple Screw—Speed 21 Knots.

"EMPEROR OF JAPAN" — REDUCED FIRST CLASS FARES.

"MONTEAGLE" — INTERMEDIATE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

"EMPEROR OF RUSSIA" 22 MARCH "EMPEROR OF RUSSIA" 17 MAY
"EMPEROR OF JAPAN" 5 APRIL "EMPEROR OF JAPAN" 31 MAY
"EMPEROR OF ASIA" 19 APRIL "EMPEROR OF ASIA" 14 JUNE
"MONTEAGLE" 26 APRIL "MONTEAGLE" 28 JUNE

*Calls at MOJI instead of NAGASAKI.

For further information, Sailing, Guide Books, etc. please apply to

J. H. WALLACE,
General Agent.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

APCAR LINE.

Regular Service Between
CALCUTTA, STRAITS, SHANGHAI and JAPAN PORTS.

EASTWARD.

The S.S. "Iota," tons 5,257, Capt. R. S. B. Butler, will be despatched for Shanghai, Moji & Kobe on the 14th March.

The above steamers have excellent saloon accommodations for passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

For freight or passage, apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.
Hongkong, Mar. 1, 1916. Agents.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.
(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.)

JAPAN, CHINA & STRAITS
TO
UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

For
LONDON..... Steamer Keelung Sails 15th April
Stammers proceed via Suez Canal or Cape of good Hope at
Owners' option.

Subject to change without notice.

For rates of freight and further information apply to

THE BANK LINE, LTD.
General Agents,

KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPI.

ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO.

The s.s. "S JACOB"

This vessel plies regularly between HONGKONG & BELAWAN DELI (Sumatra) via Swatow.

Next departure from Hongkong:

March 24, 1916.

This vessel has excellent saloon accommodation for a limited number of passengers, is fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

For freight and passage apply to:

York Building, Tel. 1574 & 1575. JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN Lijn.
Hongkong, 1st March, 1916. Agents.

SHIPPING

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

Projected Sailings from Hongkong

Subject to Alteration

Destination	Steamers	Sailing Date
LONDON via Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, Durban, Cape Town, Tenerife	Slyo Maru Capt. Soeda & Miyazaki Maru Capt. Teranaka	THURS, 9th T. 16,000 (Mar. at noon) T. 15,000 (Mar. at noon)

VICTORIA, B.C. and SEATTLE	Steamers	Sailing Date
via Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, and Yokohama	Tumba Maru Capt. Nagase Yokohama Maru Capt. Shinohi	TUES, 7th T. 12,500 (Mar. at noon) WED, 15th T. 12,500 (Mar. at noon)

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE, via BOURNE, via Manila, Thursday Island, Townsville, and Brisbane	Steamers	Sailing Date
via Singapore, Malacca and Colombo	STango Maru Nikkio Maru Capt. Takeda	TUES, 14th T. 13,500 (Mar. at 4 p.m.) FRI, 14th T. 9,500 (Apr. at 4 p.m.)

CALCUTTA via Spore, Penang & Rangoon	Steamers	Sailing Date
via Singapore, Malacca and Colombo	Kaga Maru Capt. Tsuda	WEDNESDAY, T. 12,000 (8th March)

BOMBAY via SHANGHAI and Kobe	Steamers	Saturday
via Singapore, Malacca and Colombo	Yutoro Maru	T. 8,000 (13th March)

SHANGHAI and Kobe	Steamers	Saturday
via Singapore, Malacca and Colombo	Bombay Maru	SATURDAY, T. 8,000 (23rd March)

NAGASAKI, Kobe & Yokohama	Steamers	Saturday
via Singapore, Malacca and Colombo	Capt. Nomura Nikkio Maru Capt. Takei	FRIDAY, T. 8,000 (24th March) T. 9,500 (Mar. at 10 a.m.)

SHANGHAI, Kobe and Yokohama	Steamers	Saturday
via Singapore, Malacca and Colombo	Fushimi Maru	THUR, 16th (Mar. at 10 a.m.)

Fitted with wireless-telegraphy.

SOME PRINCIPAL FARES.

To London 1st Single Yen 500. To Marseilles 1st Single Yen 550.—	Return 2nd Single 900.	Return 2nd Single 885.—
" " 2nd Single 400.	" " 2nd Single 380.	" " 2nd Single 350.—
" " Return 600.	" " Return 580.	" " Return 550.—
To London, Southampton, Liverpool via New York £60.13.0	Montreal £50. 3.0	
To Victoria, Vancouver, Seattle, 1st Single £30.	1st Return £24.	
To Sydney, 1st Single £20. To Melbourne 1st Single £1.	1st Return £7.2.	1st Return £7.15.—
To Yokohama, 1st Return £15. To Kobe 1st Return £13.5.	2nd " \$ 90.	2nd " \$ 83.

Round-the-World, Yen 1,045.

For further information apply to

Telephone No. 292. T. KUSUMOTO, Manager.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

SAN FRANCISCO LINE

VIA SHANGHAI, THE INLAND SEA, JAPAN & HONOLULU.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamers	Displacement	Leave Hongkong
Anyo Maru**	Tons & Speed	
Shinjo Maru	18,500 - 15 knots	Sat. 11th March
Kwanto Maru	20,000 - 21 knots	14th Mar. at noon
Chiyo Maru	22,000 - 21 knots	Wed. 29th Mar. at noon
Persia Maru	9,000 - 15 knots	8th Apr. at noon
Tenyo Maru	23,000 - 21 knots	21st Apr. at 10.30 a.m.
	* Cargo only.	3rd May.
	** Proceeding to South America Ports.	Via Manila Omitting Shanghai.
	First Class to London.....	1st Return (5 months) £120.
	First Class to New York.....	£26.10.
	" San Francisco \$45.	568

Special Rates given to NAVAL & MILITARY, CIVIL SERVANTS, MISSIONARIES etc. ROUND THE WORLD Tickets issued in Connection with all the Principal Mail Lines and the Trans-Siberian Railway.

Passengers may travel by Railway between ports of call in Japan free of charge.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

Via JAPAN PORTS, SAN FRANCISCO, HONOLULU, HILO, LOS ANGELES, SALINA CRUZ, PASAMA, CALLAO, IQUITO and VALPARAISO, THENCE BY TRANS-ANDEAN ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES, ETC.	Steamer	Tons & Speed	Leave Hongkong
Anyo Maru	18,500 - 15 knots	11th March	
For Full Particulars as to Passage & Freight, apply to			
K. DOI, Acting Agent			
Telephone No. 291		KING'S BUILDINGS.	

JAVA-PACIFIC LIJN.

Regular Monthly Service between

JAVA, MAKASSAR, MANILA, HONGKONG

AND SAN FRANCISCO.

Sailings Subject to Change Without Notice.

Steamers	From	Expected	Will Leave	For
Karimoo	JAVA	9th Mar., 1916.	13th Mar., 1916.	San Francisco
Tjikembang	JAVA	7th Apr.	11th Apr.	do
Arakan	JAVA	8th May.	12th May.	do

The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers. All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at through rates to all Overland Common Points in the United States of America and Canada.

For particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Hongkong, York Building Managing Agents.

SZE YAP S.S. CO., LTD.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & KONGMOON STEAMERS.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

S.S. TAI LEE: CAPT. LOUSSIS.

HONGKONG TO CANTON CANTON TO HONGKONG

3.00 a.m. 5.00 p.m.

EXCURSION TO MACAO EVERY SUNDAY.

S.S. ON LEE: CAPT. HUGHES.

HONGKONG TO MACAO MACAO TO HONGKONG

9.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.

HONGKONG-KONGMOON LINE.

S.S. ON LEE: CAPT. SCOTT.

HONGKONG TO KONGMOON KONGMOON TO HONGKONG

6.30 p.m. 8.30 p.m.

GOOD MEALS AND EVERY COMFORT

MANAGERS: Y. C. LAW

Tel. No. 227.

For Freight and Passage apply to:

Y. C. LAW, Managing Agent.

Apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

Telephone No. 2125. General Manager.

SHIPPING

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	Steamers	To Sail
PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	Sinkiang	7th Mar. at 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI	Anh	

THE HONG KONG TELEGRAPH. EXTRA

HONGKONG, MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1916

TELEGRAMS.

THE MOEWE ARRIVES IN GERMANY.

Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."

March 5, 4.11 p.m.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam, a Berlin communiqué says the *Mewe* arrived yesterday at some port, after a successful cruise, with four British officers, 23 bluejackets and 166 sailors from sunk merchantmen, and one million marks in gold bars. The communiqué gives the names of fifteen vessels which the *Mewe* had sunk or neutral ports. Two new victims named are the *SS Saxon Prince* and the French steamer *Maroni*.

The communiqué concludes by stating that at several points on the enemy coast the *Mewe* laid mines, one of the victims of which was the battleship *King Edward VII*.

THE SITUATION IN TURKEY.

March 5, 1.50 p.m.

A message from Athens says there is no further news concerning Enver Pasha, but a Berlin message, that he is visiting Holy Places in Palestine, is significant.

If the news of the attempt on his life is true, it is most likely to have most important consequences.

Sensational information from a private source says the Turks are removing the mines from the Dardanelles, evidently preparatory to opening the Straits.

THE RUSSIANS.

Violent German Attack Repulsed.

March 5, 11.55 p.m.

A Petrograd communiqué says: We exploded fourteen mines at Illukst. There was desperate fighting for the craters; we occupied six.

The Germans made a violent attack east of Baranovitch, which was repulsed. There is general briskness on the entire front.

Pursuit of the Turks.

March 5, 11.55 p.m.

A Petrograd communiqué says that the pursuit of the Turks in the Caucasus region continues.

TELEGRAMS.

THE ALLIES IN THE WEST.

Verdun Struggle Extending.

Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."

March 5, 5.00 p.m.

A Paris communiqué states: In the Verdun region the struggle hitherto localised to the village of Douaumont has extended. The Germans at dusk very vigorously attacked our lines from Bois Haubremont to Fort Douaumont, but they were repelled by our curtain of fire and rifle-fire.

The bombardment continued all night with some intensity, along the whole front to the east of the Meuse and to the west of Mort Homme and Cote de l'Oie.

Artillery at Lombartzyde wrecked German trenches.

Our batteries in Argonne delivered several salvos on enemy trenches and communications, starting a fire at Bourguille.

More Grenade Fighting.

March 5, 11.40 a.m.

General Sir Douglas Haig, in a communiqué, states that grenade fighting continued last night in the craters north-east of Vermelles.

There was enemy activity north-east of Ypres, but the situation on the Ypres-Comines canal is quiet.

We retain the ground gained on March 2.

Enemy Works Destroyed.

March 6, 1.25 a.m.

According to Reuter's Paris correspondent, a communiqué says: Our batteries effected the destruction of enemy works north of Soissons, and bombarded enemy works at various other places in Argonne.

There was a most violent bombardment north of Verdun, notably between Bois Haubremont and Fort Douaumont. The enemy, however, did not renew the attack.

There is no change at the village of Douaumont, of which we hold the immediate outskirts.

A German attack on our advanced positions in the wood east of Vacher-an-Ville was completely repulsed.

The Bombardment of Verdun.

March 5, 3.40 p.m.

Reuter's Paris correspondent says it is estimated that the Germans are hurling 400,000 projectiles daily at Verdun.

TELEGRAMS.

NEW AFRICAN MEDAL.

Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."

March 5, 11.20 p.m.

It is officially announced that a new African General Service Medal has been instituted to commemorate the native operations in East, Central, and West Africa. The medal is to be granted to Forces under Colonel Cubitt who took part in the operations at Shim Berberia on November 19 and 25, 1914, and February 2 and 9, 1915, and the operations on the River Shire in Nyassaland on January 24 and February 17, 1915.

ANOTHER ZEPPELIN RAID.

March 6, 2.20 a.m.

The Press Bureau states that two Zeppelins raided the north-east Coast on Sunday night.

Up to the present their movements are not clearly defined. Some bombs were dropped in the sea near the shore, but it is not known whether damage was done on land.

AMERICAN PRO-GERMANS DISCOMFITED.

March 5, 3.40 a.m.

Reuter's correspondent at New York states that the pro-Germans are much discomfited at the Senate vote, especially as a similar defeat is likely in the House of Representatives.

The comment is summed up in the remark that the Senate has shown that the foreign affairs of the United States are still in the hands of the President, and not the Kaiser.

POWDER FACTORY EXPLOSION.

March 5, 3.40 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Paris states that twenty-two men were killed and sixty-six injured by an explosion in a powder factory at Courbevoie.

FRENCH NAVAL APPOINTMENT.

March 5, 3.40 p.m.

Reuter's Paris correspondent states that Vice Admiral Leba has been appointed Chief of the Naval Staff.

BRITISH STEAMER SUNK.

March 5, 3.40 p.m.

The British steamer *Teutonic* has been sunk, and the crew landed.

THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1916

FULL COURT.

An Appeal Against Chief Justice's Decision.

A Full Court was opened this morning, the appeal occupying the attention of the Court being in connection with the Yue Hing Company's case which was heard by the Chief Justice at great length some nine months ago. Sir Haviland de Saumarez (President of the Full Court) presided, being accompanied on the Bench by Mr. Justice Gomperz (Puisne Judge).

The appeal was one against the decision of the Chief Justice in the matter of the Yue Hing Company, Limited, when a petition was made by Sun Mai-shan, a merchant and shareholder of the Company, whose registered address is 35, Jervis Street, that the Company should be wound up under the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1911. The original petition for the winding up was on the ground that there had been no statutory or other meeting of the shareholders since the Company was incorporated; that no statutory report or accounts had been presented to the shareholders or filed with the Registrar of Companies; that there is a complete deadlock in the management of the Company's affairs; that there has been fraud in the management of the Company's affairs; and that a true account of the Company's affairs had not been kept. The Chief Justice decided to grant the petition, on the ground that there had been no statutory meeting of shareholders and also that the petition was just and equitable. The Yue Hing Company were now appealing against this decision.

Mr. C. G. Alabaster and Mr. Eldon Potter appeared for the appellants, being instructed by Mr. A. H. Crew, of Messrs. Hastings and Hastings, and Mr. E. H. Sharp, K. C., and Mr. F. C. Jenkins (instructed by Mr. C. E. H. Beavis, of Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist) appeared for the respondent.

At the opening of the Court, the President remarked that they had decided that that case was one in which it was not convenient for two judges to sit.

Mr. Alabaster said that there was cross-appealed, but he had had a letter from the respondents' solicitors saying they were not going to proceed with it. He therefore formally asked that it should be dismissed with costs.

Mr. Eldon Potter then proceeded to open the case for the appellants, reviewing the original petition and the judgment given thereon.

THE CINEMATOGRAPHS.

Victoria.

The Victoria has, needless to say, been crowded during the past three nights, the Melbourne's latest programme giving quite as much all-round satisfaction as its predecessor. The sketch "Great Sale at Rightaway's" proved as full as it could be of mirth, and further performances by this talented company would be welcomed. We would remind our readers that to-night the popular American film: "The Nigger," will be shown for the first time.

Bijou.

On Saturday, the Bijou Theatre made another big bid for well deserved popularity by producing a dramatised novel on the screen; this time "Denis" by the younger Drama. It is a marvellous story, marvelously acted, and a startling illustration of how real the cinematograph can render a great novel. We understand that "The Delroy's" are opening at the Bijou on Wednesday, in their famous juggling act with which they have been touring Java and the Philippines.

H. Sharp, K. C., and Mr. F. C.

Jenkins (instructed by Mr. C. E. H. Beavis, of Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist) appeared for the respondent.

At the opening of the Court, the President remarked that they had decided that that case was one in which it was not convenient for two judges to sit.

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Mr. Eldon Potter then proceeded to open the case for the appellants, reviewing the original petition and the judgment given thereon.

The case was adjourned.

VOLUNTEER ORDERS.

Leave.

Pta. C. H. Soper is granted leave of absence from 7.3.16 to 7.3.17.

Belchers Section.

Gun practices will take place on the following dates:

March 19th — Sub-calibre.

March 26th — Full charge.

Musketry.

Musketry, for all Trained men and Recruits who have not fired this season, will be carried out at King's Park Range as follows:

Saturday, 11th March, 2.30 p.m.

Part I.

Sunday, 12th March, 9.30 a.m.

Part II (Standard Test).

O.Cs. concerned will take steps to ensure that every member of their Co. or Section who is in the Colony and has not completed his Musketry Course, fires on one or both of the above dates. Corp. Grimes, R.E. will attend and N.C.Os. of the units having men firing will attend to assist him. Uniform (drill order) to be worn. One member of the Signalling Section will attend each day for telephone duty.

The Officer in charge of the firing point will check the ammunition both before and after firing each day. Officers on duty at firing point:

March 11th — Lieut. Preston.

March 12th — An Officer of the Engineers Company.

Officer on duty in built:

March 12th — Lieut. Murphy.

Parades.

Parades for Tuesday, 7th instant.

7.00 a.m. Members of Signalling Section and other Signallers, as detailed in Signalling Section order dated 8. 12. 15 — Morse flag practice at Headquarters.

5.10 p.m. Centre Section M. G. Co. — M. G. drill at Harbour Docks. Launch Leave Station Pier at 4.30 p.m.

5.15 p.m. Nos. 1 and 2 Sub-sections Arty. Batty (as detailed in Corps order No. 2 dated 30. 12. 15) — 10 pdr gun drill at Headquarters. Sergt. Bradley R.G.A. will attend. Specialists of No. 2 Section Arty. Batty, will attend also.

Leave.

Corps Orders issued to-day by Lieut. Col. A. Chapman, V. D.

March 19th — Sub-calibre.

March 26th — Full charge.

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BANDAGE-MAKING.

Efforts of Hongkong Ladies.

The work done by the bandage-making class held by Mrs. Phillips during February, was sent to Colonel Gordon Hall, Abbasia, Cairo District, and included: 6,036 roller bandages, 380 knitted eye bandages, 300 many-tail bandages, 72 roller flannel bandage, 500 swabs and 48 flannel belts for those men discharged from Hospital with abdominal trouble.

Mrs. Phillips would take this opportunity of thanking the following for their kind donations to her Fund, and also of reminding the workers that she need it just as urgent as when the class was first started, and she would be very grateful for the continued support of everybody, both in gifts of money and the time of those who can come regularly to work in the City Hall:

Dr. Moore	... \$10.
Mrs. Cheshire	... 15.
Mrs. Kemp	... 5.
Mrs. Lander	... 5.
A. Friend	... 5.
Mrs. MacGregor, Foo-chow	... 5.
Collection Box per Mrs. Greenfield	... 54.25
Mrs. Butlin	... 10.
Mrs. Keim	... 10.

To Consignees.

Consignees of cargo by the s.s. Anya Marti are reminded that storage charges will be assessed on goods remaining undelivered after to-morrow.

Health of the Colony.

Last week there were notified in the Colony 15 cases of small pox (13 fatal), nine of diphtheria (five fatal), five of enteric (three fatal), one of bubonic plague (fatal) and one of pulmonary fever (non-fatal). All were Chinese, save one Indian sufferer from diphtheria and one British case of small pox.

CHURCH NOTES.

Saints' Days.

The Santa Day in March is the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary on the 25th. The 15th, 17th and 18th are Ember Days. The 8th is Ash Wednesday, or the first day of Lent. There will be Holy Communion on these days at 8 a.m.

Cathedral Repairs.

The repairs to the Cathedral are in progress as we write. It has been found necessary to discontinue the weekday services while the inside of the Cathedral is being repaired, but the Sunday services are held as usual. We hope two weeks will suffice for the inside repairs. So the Cathedral will be finished before Lent begins.

Church of England Men's Society.

A most interesting and instructive paper was read by Surgeon General Hoskyn at the monthly meeting on February 21st. A social evening was held on February 23rd at the Boerem's Institute, when an enjoyable evening was spent by some of the members and their friends.

The Peak Church.

Some slight repairs having become necessary in the floor and outside wall of this Church have been carried out, and the Church now seems in a good condition.

Sunday School Trif.

The Cathedral Sunday School held their annual tea and prize giving on January 22nd in the grounds of St. Paul's College, when the kindly lent for the occasion by the Bishop and Mrs. Lander. Our thanks are due to them and to the Misses Lander and Vanstone for assisting in entertaining the children. The Bishop gave away the prizes to the following: — H. Wall, J. May, G. White, D. May, S. Talbot.

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Hongkong, 17th February, 1916.

VESSELS LOADING AND TO LOAD.

EUROPEAN PORTS.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Applying To	To be Des- patched
London	Gleneatra	S. T. & Co.	Mar.
London	Proteus	B. & S.	6. Mar.
Marseilles via Ports	Atlantique	M. M.	7. Mar.
London & Cape Town via Ports	Iro M.	N. Y. K.	9. Mar.
London and Ports	Nankin	P. & O.	9. Mar.
Marseilles via Ports	Amazone	M. M.	18. Mar.
Liverpool	Europa	B. & S.	20. Mar.
London & Cape Town via Ports	Mysaki M.	N. Y. K.	23. Mar.
London via Ports	Novara	P. & O.	24. Mar.
London	Demodocus	B. & S.	25. Mar.
London via Ports	Nere	P. & O.	29. Mar.
London	Keelung	B. L. Ltd.	15. Apr.

NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO AND CANADA

Victoria, B.C. & Seattle	Tamba M.	N. Y. K.	7. Mar.
Seattle	Titan	B. & S.	9. Mar.
South American Ports	T. K. K.	10. Mar.	
San Francisco	Kaimoan	J. C. J. L.	13. Mar.
San Foo via Shanghai & Japan	Shinyo M.	T. K. K.	14. Mar.
Victoria, B.C. & Seattle	Yahama M.	N. Y. K.	15. Mar.
Vancouver	E. of Russia	C. P. R.	22. Mar.
New York	Indrasamha	S. T. & Co.	Mar.
New York via Cape	Egmont	C. D. & Co.	Mar.
Seattle	Lion	B. & S.	4. Apr.
San Francisco via Shai & Japan etc.	E. of Japan	C. P. R.	5. Apr.
San Francisco	Chyo M.	T. K. K.	8. Apr.
Vancouver	Tukemang	J. C. J. L.	11. Apr.
San Francisco via Manila	China	C. M. S. S.	14. Apr.
Seattle	E. of Asia	C. P. R.	19. Apr.
Vancouver	Persia M.	T. K. K.	21. Apr.
San Francisco via Manila	Talithius	B. & S.	26. Apr.
Vancouver	Monteagle	C. P. R.	26. Apr.
San Francisco via Shai & Japan etc.	Tenyo M.	T. K. K.	3. May
San Francisco	Arakan	J. C. J. L.	12. May

AUSTRALIA

Sydney & Melbourne via Manila	Tango M.	N. Y. K.	14. Mar.
Australian Ports via Port Darwin	St. Albans	G. L. Co.	15. Mar.
Australian Ports via Port Darwin	Empire	G. L. Co.	8. Apr.
Sydney & Melbourne via Manila	Nikko M.	N. Y. K.	14. Apr.
Australian Ports via Manila	Changhae	B. & S.	17. Apr.
Australian via Manila	Eastern	G. L. Co.	29. Apr.

SINGAPORE, INDIA, COAST PORTS AND JAPAN

Wuhu	Pakho	B. & S.	5. Mar.
Shanghai	Kelgan	B. & S.	6. Mar.
Ningpo and Shanghai	Hoinow	B. & S.	6. Mar.
Pakhoi and Haiphong	Suntiang	B. & S.	7. Mar.
Shanghai via Swatow	Hopasang	J. M. Co.	7. Mar.
Swatow, Amoy & Foochow	Haiching	D. L. Co.	7. Mar.
Shanghai	Anhui	B. & S.	7. Mar.
Cebu &c.	Kaga M.	N. Y. K.	8. Mar.
Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama	Polymer	M. M.	8. Mar.
Batavia, Sourataya, etc.	Hokuto M.	D. & Co.	8. Mar.
Manila, Cebu and Iloilo	Team	B. & S.	8. Mar.
Shanghai	Kwonggang	J. M. Co.	9. Mar.
Kobe	Tjiluwong	J. C. J. L.	9. Mar.
Shanghai	Sinkiang	B. & S.	9. Mar.
Swatow, Amoy & Foochow	Haihong	D. L. & Co.	10. Mar.
Manila	Loonggeang	J. M. Co.	11. Mar.
Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Nikko M.	N. Y. K.	12. Mar.
Shanghai and Japan	Teaser	B. & S.	12. Mar.
Bombay via Ports	Yetoro M.	N. Y. K.	13. Mar.
Moji, Kobe & Yokohama	Baari M.	D. & Co.	13. Mar.
Tientsin	Huichow	B. & S.	13. Mar.
Shanghai and Japan	Ajor	D. S. & Co.	14. Mar.
Shanghai, Kobe and Moji	Itola	J. M. Co.	14. Mar.
Tientsin and Weihaiwei	Chipehing	J. M. Co.	14. Mar.
Shanghai	Wesang	J. M. Co.	14. Mar.
Swatow, Amoy & Foochow	Haiyan	D. L. Co.	14. Mar.
Bombay via Ports	Luzon	O. S. K.	15. Mar.
Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama	Fushimi M.	N. Y. K.	16. Mar.
Shanghai and Japan	Mata	P. & O.	16. Mar.
Manila	Nels	B. & S.	17. Mar.
Balawian, Deli (Stra) via Stow,	Yuenzang	J. M. Co.	18. Mar.
Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama	Jacob	J. C. J. L.	24. Mar.
Shanghai & Ports to Yokohama	Bombay M.	N. Y. K.	25. Mar.
Shanghai and Japan	Nagoya	P. & O.	25. Mar.
Anping and Taka	Canfa	B. & S.	26. Mar.
Shanghai and Japan	Sochu M.	O. S. K.	26. Mar.
Shanghai, Taku and Dally	Ningchow	B. & S.	2. Apr.
Shanghai and Japan	Pyrinus	B. & S.	7. Apr.
Shanghai and Japan	Talithius	B. & S.	10. Apr.
Shanghai and Japan	Cyclops	B. & S.	23. Apr.

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K. DOL, Acting Agent, Hongkong, 1st March, 1916.

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Watsons	6.00

STRANDING OF S.S. KOLYA.

"GROSS CARELESSNESS" IN SETTING COURSE.

Captain's Certificate Suspended: Chief Officer Severely Reprimanded.

An enquiry was held this morning, at the Marine Court, into the circumstances of the stranding of the s.s. Kolia at Hainan Island on February 21.

The Court was presided over by Commander C. W. Beckwith, R.N., the other members being—Commander F. Gibbons, of H.M.S. Tamar; Mr. W. Davidson, master of the Empress of Russia; Mr. Samuel Robinson, master of the Empress of Asia; and Mr. E. Pottinger, master of the Linan.

Mr. C. D. Wilkinson appeared on behalf of Messrs. Thoresen and Co., the agents, whilst Mr. R. C. Faithfull represented Captain James Wilcox and Mr. Carpenterdale, master and chief officer respectively.

In giving his statement, Captain Wilcox said he very much regretted to have to make it. The ship left Hongkong at 7.30 a.m. on Sunday, February 20. They passed Gap Rock at 11.45 at a distance of about three miles. They took a course to pass about 40 miles west of North Reef, and laid a course S. 64 W. but actually steered a course S. 58 W. by mistake. He could not say how it occurred, except that he must have made an error in using the parallel rulers.

In reply to Commander Beckwith, witness said he did not think that it was necessary to take any deviation.

Commander Beckwith:—So you practically went one day until 11 o'clock on the next a wrong course and never found it out?

Capt. Wilcox:—The course was checked by the Chief Officer when it was laid down. Of course I don't want to blame the Chief Officer more than is absolutely necessary.

Continuing, Captain Wilcox said that the ship struck at 5.40 a.m. on Monday, February 21.

He kept the engines going at full speed astern to try and prevent her from going further on. She just seemed to slide on to the reef. He ran out the anchor and held the ship off, and it was about 9 a.m. when she got clear. He knew that her bottom must be damaged, so he considered it best to return to Hongkong. The ship was bound on water ballast, to Christians Island. He and the Chief Officer were the only certified officers on board. The second officer was the bosun, who was a smart seaman with good experience. Witness had been officer but not master on an ocean-going steamer. He had been master of a sailing ship.

Questioned by Mr. Faithfull, Captain Wilcox said it was impossible for him to explain the mistake in the course. He must have had the side of the chart towards him instead of the top. He was perfectly sober, and so was the Chief Officer. He had never had a ship on shore before during all his 40 years' experience.

Mr. Carpenterdale, the Chief Officer, said they left Hongkong at about 2.35 on Sunday morning the 20th and steamed a course, when passing Gap Rock, to pass midway between the north Reef of the Paracels and Hainan Island. The Captain worked out the course and when the sun came out they found that the compass

was three points in error. That was the first time they had noticed any error. At 5.40 on the following morning, he noticed a black line rising and he was so confident of the course they were steering that he thought it was a fog bank. Afterwards it became so defined that he became suspicious and put the telegraphs to "stop" and then "full speed astern." The ship was going at about ten knots and she never got all her "way" off before she grounded. When the vessel actually struck she was going at about three or four miles. Soundings were taken and when they found they were making no water he put the engines full speed astern. The Captain, who had come on deck, took command and the ship was got off at about 9 o'clock. The Engineer reported that the fresh water tanks had been fractured.

Replying to Mr. Faithfull, witness said he had held a mate's certificate since 1892. He was perfectly sober at the time.

Mr. Faithfull then addressed the Court, saying he had been instructed to plead guilty to negligence on behalf of both the Master and Chief Officer, and to throw them on the mercy of the Court.

Mr. Wilkinson said that the boat was overhauled before leaving at a cost of about \$45,000.

The finding of the Court was:—We find that this course was wrongfully set and the course set would take the ship to the point at which she finally struck. The Court holds that the stranding was entirely due to the gross carelessness of the Master in setting and steering this wrong course, but, taking into consideration that the master took proper action in getting the ship off after grounding, we order that his Master's certificate—foreign-going—be suspended for 12 months and grant him a river master's certificate or a foreign going mate's certificate during this period. The Court order that George Carpenterdale, Chief Officer, is to be severely reprimanded for his carelessness in navigation of this ship and to place same on record.

"THE ANGEL IN THE HOUSE."

Saturday's Performance at the City Hall.

A crowded house, which included H. E. Sir Henry May and a Government House party, together with H. E. Major General Ventris, assembled on Saturday night at the Theatre Royal for the A.D.C.'s first performance of "The Angel in the House," in aid of the Blue Cross Fund.

The play, which is the joint work of Eden Philpotts and Basil Macdonald Hastings, is still a new one, its first performance in London dating no farther back than June of last year. It is, broadly speaking, just a skin fit the fadist and the crank; the man who, having neither wife nor bairns of his own can yet talk energetically and without idiotically about eugenics, and who finds sustenance for his soul in the Badminton performances of Picassos and the cubists, fauvists, post-impressionists, etc.

The farce is as broad as that of "Pavane," which killed the aesthetic movement of our fathers' days, though, happily for this generation, "The Angel in the House" has not so severe a task before it as had the comic opera in question.

For a Hongkong audience the choice was not, perhaps, the happiest one, and it might be added that the play offers many subtleties that would be sufficient to frighten a less courageous amateur society than our own. The name part was an extremely difficult one to play, and the fact that Mr. W. Sinclair made it something more than merely amusing is a huge testimony to his ability as an actor. "The Angel" is the embodiment of all the healthy outdoor maniacs, the representative of a class that has sped and "im-

proved" on all Wildes and Aubrey Beardsley's morbid vanity and eccentricities without evening any of their genius; and Mr. Sinclair showed his audience how revoltingly selfish and ludicrous such a character can be.

Messrs. Powell had dressed him splendidly for his work, and Messrs. A. M. Preston and H. L. Sim had magnificently provided him with the wherewithal in the way of unconventional pictures and cubist statuary—for depicting, to the life, the contemptible driveller whose unashamed part had fallen to him. Mr. Sinclair is to be congratulated very heartily on his clever presentation of this undesirable.

As a set-off, Mr. M. S. Northcote gave us the Angel's host, Sir Rupert Bindon, a lovable old fellow, conscious of his advancing age but not of his gallantry, keenly anxious, against his better judgment, to how to all the absurdities which the Angel has introduced into his house, and more than ready to see perfection and in fallibility in him for the reason that he still cherishes a deep affection for the memory of the said Angel's defunct mother. Those who are familiar with Mr. Northcote's stage manner will realize that such a part was almost made for him. He was fussy, unselfish, talkative, and comic to the last degree, and the man who is spoiling for a good laugh has but to watch this remarkably clever amateur's "business" for a couple of seconds. Only to see Mr. Northcote, or rather Sir Rupert, straining himself to discover any possible likeness between the Angel's mother and the libidinous futurist portrait of her, is to feel, straight away, that one has had one's money's worth.

The roles of Sir Rupert's two daughters, Lillie and Joan, fell respectively to Mrs. Looker (who took the part at short notice on account of the illness of Miss Phoebe May) and Mrs. Worcester.

Mrs. Worcester, who has so often charmed Hongkong audiences by her naturalness and brightness,

especially being most neatly sug-

gestive at whiles.

Mrs. Compton, as the perennially-young widow who is smitten entirely by the charms and fancies of the futurist, gave

too little, the impression of advanc-

ing years in her make-up to be

entirely convincing; her acting,

however, particularly in the last

and most difficult scene, was

sympathetic and full of life, and

those who have seen her in this

part will wish to see her again.

The servants in the play were

Messrs. E. L. Sim, J. A. Ridgway

and J. M. Walker.

Those who had the arrangements in hand for the evening's entertainment are certainly to be complimented. The scenery for the last act—the work of Mr. W. A. Cornell—was exquisite; could not, in fact, have been better. The orchestra, too, gathered together on the very shortest notice by Mr. F. Peterkin, gave an excellent programme including a Norwegian dance of Grieg's and two dances from "The Blue Bird" in splendid style. The instrument lists were Messrs. A. W. L. Robertson, Murray Scott and N. Smith, the Misses V. Cree, P. Gordon and G. Main, and Messrs. F. A. Britton, E. J. Chapman, and W. R. Neighbour.

The play was produced by Mr. W. Sinclair with the assistance of Mr. P. S. Cassidy.

Various ladies of the Colony, dressed in pretty blue and white costumes, acted as programme girls, and also sold chocolates (the gift of the Nestle Milk Co.) during the intervals. The Committee wishes to thank Messrs. Lane Crawford, Kelly and Walsh, Komor, Mouttrie, Ullmann, the Electric Light Co. and the local press for very welcome help.

For to-night's performance the curtain rises at 9.15, and we are asked to say that there will be an extra performance of the "Angel in the House" next Saturday.

TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from page 1.)

THE ALLIES IN THE WEST.

[Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph."]

March 3, 3.00 p.m.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Paris, an official report says—North of Verdun the German artillery fire is extremely violent on both banks of the Meuse.

German infantry renewed their attacks with redoubled fury in the Douaumont region and in a village north-west of the fort. After a series of fruitless attempts, they were able to make some advance. Fighting continues across the single village street.

The village of Vaux, to the east of Douaumont, was at the same time furiously attacked from the north and north-east.

All these assaults broke down, the Germans hastily retreating, leaving heaps of corpses in the barbed wire.

The Germans intensely bombarded Woerpe throughout the night, but the French curtain of fire prevented attacks and debouching.

March 3, 4.45 p.m.

Reuter's Paris correspondent says the communiqué is identical with the official report, save that it adds—The German attacks at Vaux were shattered by a curtain of fire and by machine-guns. German artillery is active at Malincourt and Haucourt. A weak enemy attack in Lorraine was easily scattered.

March 3, 4.40 p.m.

A British communiqué states:—We consolidated the positions taken yesterday, which includes some 200 yards of the enemy's original trenches. The prisoners now amount to five officers and 249 men.

Last evening we exploded five mines near the Hohensolm Redoubt and occupied the craters, one of which contained the enemy's main mining shaft. A hostile bombing attack was repulsed. There has been considerable artillery activity on both sides in this neighbourhood to-day.

March 3, 5.00 p.m.

A Berlin communiqué claims a thousand prisoners and six guns in the fight for Douaumont village. It is also claimed that the Germans have improved their lines to the south and the west of the village.

March 3, 5.35 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Paris says it is stated that 500 Brandenburgers at Douaumont are obtaining supplies by a path which runs through a copse.

March 3, 6.20 p.m.

A Paris communiqué says—North of Verdun there has been hot fighting near the village of Douaumont. We hold the upper part of a knoll on the northern slope whereon the village is situated. A sharp counter-attack enabled us to regain ground close to the village.

The bombardment has continued most violently to the west and the east of the Meuse, and also in Woerpe.

Our artillery concentrated its fire on enemy gathering-points particularly near Beaumont, where a marching column was shattered.

In Upper Alsace, we attacked to the east of Seppois and captured several elements of trenches on the right bank of the Great Largue. An enemy counter-attack failed to dislodge us from our conquered ground.

We bombarded enemy tanks in Belgium and enemy works at Neuville, Berry-an-Bac and Argonne.

A strong German patrol attacked a post north of the Aix, but was repulsed.

Adjutant Navarre brought down his sixth German aeroplane near Beaumont; the aviators, who were wounded, being captured.

March 3, 6.40 a.m.

A Paris semi-official statement says—Apart from Verdun, the enemy is manifesting an intention to assume the defensive.

Fighting on Thursday night and on Friday was most violent in the Douaumont sector, where the possession of the village is still disputed.

The Douaumont affair is the only episode in the gigantic battle which is marked by inevitable fluctuations, but nothing has occurred to shake our confidence in its victorious issue.

CAMBODIA EAGER TO HELP.

March 3, 2.35 p.m. Reuter's correspondent at Marseilles says the King of Cambodia has appealed to his subjects to enrol in the Army, arsenals and workshops in order to strengthen the links of gratitude and affection uniting Cambodia and France and to help in the organisation of victory.

A GERMAN RAIDER PICKED UP AT SEA.

March 3, 9.40 p.m. It is officially announced that a German seaplane was picked up at ten o'clock yesterday morning, three miles north of the Middelkerke Bank. It had come down at nine o'clock on Wednesday night, while returning from England.

One of the observers was drowned and the other picked up and made a prisoner.

THE ARMED MERCHANTMAN QUESTION.

March 3, 1.20 p.m. Reuter's correspondent at Washington says that the Senate has discussed the resolution submitted by Senator Gore, warning Americans not to travel on armed merchantmen.

Senator Gore declared that the motive which actuated him was the report that President Wilson had told the Democratic leaders, at a Conference at White House, that war with Germany might not be an evil and might result in advancing civilisation by ending the European War by Midsummer. He added that the resolution was moved on a demand by Senator Stone, Chairman of the Foreign Committee.

Senator Stone, after Senator Gore's statement, jumped up and denied the statement concerning himself, adding that he did not intend to repeat President Wilson's remarks at the private Conference at the White House, because he regarded them as sacred.

Senator Stone said President Wilson's attitude was that if a submarine sank armed merchantmen he would hold Germany strictly accountable for the lawless act, and would be disposed to sever relations if Germany persisted, and submit the matter to Congress, which was the law-making body. Senator Stone said he disagreed with President Wilson's attitude, because he considered an armed merchantman equivalent to a warship.

Senator Wilhelms, a member of the Foreign Committee, said the time had come to act, owing to the constant nagging of the President by Congressmen, who were seeking the support of the German-American vote. If they persisted, they would find themselves opposed by every other element of the population.

March 3, 4.25 p.m.

Reuter's Washington correspondent says it is expected that the vote to-day will defeat the Pro-German resolution, thus showing that Parliament is behind President Wilson in his fight for the freedom of the seas.

March 3, 1.00 p.m. Reuter's correspondent at Washington states that the Senate, by 68 votes to 14, rejected the Pro-German resolution. This is a big victory for President Wilson's policy.

TELEGRAMS.

PORTUGUESE INTERN GERMAN CREWS.

[Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."]

March 3, 1.05 p.m.

Lloyd's Surveyor at Bombay states that all German steamers at Marmagao have hoisted Portuguese flags, and their crews have been interned.

A SCANDINAVIAN CONFERENCE.

March 3, 1.05 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Copenhagen states that the King has invited the Scandinavian Premiers and Foreign Ministers to meet at Copenhagen. The gathering will be a natural continuation of the meeting of the Scandinavian Kings at Malmö in 1914

COMMERCIAL

New Chinese Copper Mine.
A new copper mining company has been promoted for the exploitation of the Ma Kai Ku Mine in Poh Sha Chuen of the Yang Hain District.

South Manchuria Railway.

The South Manchuria Railway Company has used nearly all the rails in stock and finds it difficult to obtain a fresh supply either from abroad or from home. The rails of disused sections have been taken off to meet the more urgent requirements. The Railway Company recently negotiated with the Government Steel Works, Edamitsu, for a supply of rails and after some difficulty managed to secure about thirty miles of rails which will be employed during the next fiscal year. With regard to the rails required for the extension of the railway sidings for the conveyance of sand, etc., for the sand-fushing installations at the Fushun Collieries, it is reported that orders have already been sent to the United States. On their arrival they will be exchanged for part of the lighter rails now on the lines and the latter will be used at the collieries.

A Guileful Garb for German Goods.

Patriotic Britshers will do well to scrutinise with great care goods marked as made in neutral countries. A Birmingham reader sends us an incandescent gas mantle, labelled "The Agarico (Reg. Trade Mark No. 361688) Made in Holland." On opening the box of tricks—for such it turned out to be—there was discovered a mantle blurred with some paint-like substance on the spot obviously intended to bear the name of the place of origin. Suspicion being naturally aroused, an investigation of the box was made, with the result that the presence of a plain piece of paper, of the same colour as the cardboard, was detected—but so firmly affixed to the box that no ordinary purchaser would be likely to take the trouble to detach it, even if aware of its presence. When removed, however, it was seen that the box had had originally printed on it "Auszusches Seconds. Made in Germany." Thus are our people being cruelly deceived into providing the Hun with the sinews of war. Who is responsible for permitting this stuff to enter the country? A most casual examination would have detected the blurb on the mantle itself, and thus aroused suspicion.—John Bull.

Home Iron and Steel Exports.

In 1915 Great Britain exported iron and steel and manufactures thereof to the value of £20,421,958 (as against £1,667,830 in 1914); other metals and manufactures thereof to the value of £9,697,766 (£10,223,283 in 1914); machinery to the value of £19,192,153 (£31,363,093); and electrical goods to the value of £3,080,809 (£3,018,600). The exports of iron and steel manufactures in December amounted to £3,512,855, of other metals to £897,023, of machinery to £1,474,258 and of electrical goods to £253,782. The value of new ships exported in the past year was £1,687,055 (against £6,325,554 in 1914) and in the month of December £40,611. Last year rail locomotives to the value of £3,821 were sent to the Straits Settlements, compared with £42,436 in 1914, and "unenumerated prime movers" to the value of £32,991, against £155,415 in the previous twelve months. In December no rail locomotives were exported to the Straits Settlements. Machinery (unenumerated) to the value of £9,912 was consigned to the Colony and the P.M.S. last month, making a total for the year of £18,743, against £17,320 in 1914. To Japan the United Kingdom exported £220,577 worth of textile machinery in 1915, compared with £574,295 in 1914, and to China and Hongkong £116,924 worth last year, against £232,681 in the previous twelve months. During the month of December we sent textile machinery to the value of £28,648 to Japan, compared with £58,734 in the corresponding month of 1914.

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VON PAPEN'S SEIZED PAPERS.

(Continued from page 3.)

I think, therefore, I am speaking in the name of all when I express to you the thanks of us all for your faithful vigilance and unremitting labour under most difficult circumstances, and to this I add my own special thanks for your attention to my little proposals. It is not surprising in view of the fictitious neutrality of the President that terms should have been put to your work, and you must carry back with you the knowledge that you have done your duty according to the best of your ability as long as it was possible. Our people will never forget this of you. I gladly comply with your proposal to send a line from time to time, and it will be very pleasant to receive one from you occasionally if by proposals you mean such as could be discussed with some gentleman of the German house of Columbia University, I am keeping an eye on the matter especially mentioned.

With the very best of good wishes,—Yours,

DR. F. W. MEYER.

General Bernhardi's Letter.

The third is a letter written by General von Bernhardi to von Papen.

Posen, General Headquarters.

April 9, 1915.

Dear Captain,—I beg to thank you most sincerely for your kindness in sending me a copy of the New York Sun containing my two articles. I am glad to hear that these articles will, in your opinion, have a good effect so far as that is at all possible.

in America. The advertising manner in which they publish things is, of course, thoroughly American. A private communication of mine has been printed without any authority from me. I have now written two further series of articles for America. The Foreign Office wanted to have the first of these, entitled "Germany and England," distributed in the American Press. The other, entitled "Pangermanism," was to appear in the "Chicago Tribune."

I should be very grateful if you could forward me one copy of each of these articles. They will certainly have some sort of effect. This is evident from the inexpressible rage with which the British and French Press has attacked these two "Sun" articles. They have insulted me in a most incredible way. However, I agree with you that military success will be the decisive factor for opinion in America. But England's interference in American trade will also not fail to have a certain effect. I hope both will take effect together. I think, however, that especially in the West where I expect there will soon be a big attempt to break through, we have serious difficult times to look forward to, but I confidently believe that we shall successfully overcome them.—With best wishes, etc.

F. BERNHARDI.

The fourth letter is one from Dr. Albert to von Papen. It is written from San Francisco, but bears no date:

Dear Herr von Papen.—Well, how I wish we were in New York and could discuss the situation with you and B.E. (prob-

ably the Naval Attaché Captain Boy-Ed). Many thanks for telegram. The "Patron" also telegraphed that I was to continue the journey. So we shall not see each other for the present. Shall we see you at all before you leave?

I would be my most anxious wish, but my hope is small. For this time I suppose matters will move more quickly than in Dumbéa's case. I wonder whether our Government will respond in a suitable manner? In my opinion it need no longer take public opinion so much into consideration in spite of its being artificially and internationally agitated by the Press and legal proceedings, so that a somewhat stiffer attitude would be desirable though naturally quiet and dignified. If you should leave New York before my return we must try to come to some agreement about pending questions by writing. Please instruct Mr. Amannenzig Igal as precisely as possible. You will receive them in Germany the long intended report of expenses paid through my account or your behalf. I shall be very thankful to you if you would then support the question of the monetary advance which you know of, although you know that I was mistaken in my opinion that I acted as your representative and according to your wishes.

The remainder of the letter of Dr. Albert relates only to private affairs.

It is understood that later on photographic copies of the letters and of Captain von Papen's press book and counterfeits will be forwarded to the United States Government.

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